BAGHDAD (Petra) — The Arab Organisation for Agricultural Development (AOAD) will spend \$400,000 during 1987 on a number of training courses and in the form of technical aid to Arab states, Minister of Agriculture Marwan Hmoud said here Wednesday. Speaking at the end of a AOAD three-day meeting here the minister said that the organisation also recommended that a project for building a green belt around Jordan, Iraq, Syria and Saudi Arabia to prevent desertification should go ahead as scheduled, and that the project's headquarters should be located in Amman. Mr. Hmoud who was elected chairman of the organisation's Technical Committee said that the delegates who represented 18 Arab countries also approved the organisation's work plan for 1987, and programme for holding conferences, seminars and training courses and offering technical aid

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### Gemayel to visit .Jordan

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AMMAN (R) - Lebanese President Amin Gemayel will pay a three-day private visit to Jordan from Feb. 4, during which he will have talks with His Majesty King Hussein, Lebanon's ambassador to Jordan said Wednesday. "The discussions between King Hussein and President Gemayel will be held in an informal atmosphere and could have extremely important results," Ambassador Butros Ziadeh told Reuters. The president will be accompanied by his wife.

### Swareddahab due in Amman

AMMAN (Petra) — Marshal Abdul Rahman Swareddahab who headed Sudan's transitional military council, is due here on Sunday on a visit to Jordan at the invitation of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan. Marshal Swareddahab, who will be accompanied by his wife, is scheduled to meet with Prince Hassan, Prime Minister Zaid Rifai, speakers of the Upper and Lower Houses of Parliament and the commander-in-chief of the Jordanian Armed Forces. During the week long visit, the Sudanese leader will tour archaeological sites and other places of interest in the Kingdom. His visit to Jordan will be the first outside Sudan since he handed over power to the civilian government.

### U.S. restricts travel to Lebanon

WASHINGTON (R) — The Reagan administration announced Wednesday it was forbidding Americans to travel to Lebanon unless they had U.S., government approval. State Department spokesman Charles Redman told reporters American passports could not be used for travel to or through Lebanon unless officially validated for that purpose. "Effective immediately, U.S. passports are not valid for travel to, in or through Lebanon unless specifically validated," he

### Gorbachev ousts Brezhnev aide

MOSCOW (R) - Soviet leader Mikhail Gorbachev consolidated his authority in the Communist Party Wednesday with the removal from the ruling politburo of a former close aide of the late President Leonid Brezhnev. The official news agency TASS said Dinmukhamed Kunayev, former party leader in the central Asian Republic of Kazakhstan, was dropped at a session of the party central committee in Moscow. The central committee also promoted Alexander Yakovlev, a close personal aide to Mr. Gorbachev, to non-voting membership of the politburo. It elected two new central committee secretaries, the men who are responsible for running the party machine on a day-to-day basis.

### Nicaragua frees accused U.S.-spy

MIAMI (AP) — Sam Nesley Hall, accused of spying in Nicar-agua, flew home to the United States Wednesday after telling the Nicaraguan people he was sorry he "tried to ambush them." Nicaragua's Sandinista govern-ment said it released Hall, a self styled soldier of fortune, because he is mentally unstable.

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Decision time for English

soccer, page 6 Islamic Development Bank plans new funding

in the West Bank Wednesday sealed off five rooms in the home scheme, page 7 of a Palestinian suspected of Reagan admits mistakes planting a bomb on a Tel Aviv bus that wounded six people last year, Israeli officials said. but defends Iran deal,

# Arab leaders meet in spirit of reconciliation

### Islamic summit extended one day

KUWAIT (R) - The leaders of five Arab countries met Wednesday to try to overcome differences as a spirit of reconciliation prevailed at the Islamic summit here.

Conference sources said the eaders of Kuwait, Saudi Arabia, briefly Tuesday night after enter-Jordan, Algeria and Syria met for ing a plenary session hand-intwo hours during a break in the hand Organisation of Islamic Confer-

ence (OIC) summit. The triennial OIC gathering was due to have ended Wednesday night, but delegates said it

had been extended to Thursday. Kuwait has been trying to move Arab leaders towards a full heads of state meeting that has eluded them because of inter-Arab conflicts.

The conference sources said the main goal of Wednesday's meetings was to sound out prospects for a full Arab gathering. But they said the leaders apparently failed to agree on either an agenda or time.

The OIC summit has already been the stage for an ice-breaking side chat between Egyptian President Hosui Mubarak and Syrian President Hafez Al Assad.

SIDON, Lebanon (R) — Palesti-

nian fighters said Wednesday

they planned to withdraw from a

strategic village in south Leba-

non dearing a major stumbling

block to a truce in the bloody

"camps war" with Shi'ite Amai

The move coincided with a

meeting at the Islamic summit in

Kuwait between Lebanon's Presi-

dent Amin Gemayel and Syrian

leader Hafez Al Assad at which

they pledged to work together to

bring peace to the strife-torn

The fighters backing Palestine

Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat said

they would pull back from the village of Maghdousheh which

they captured from the Shi'ite

Amal militia in late November.

Thursday has been undertaken to

give a chance to Iranian media-tion," Chairman Arafat's main-

stream Fatch group of the PLO

said in a statement released in

Mr. Arafat's supporters effec-

**Palestinians** 

call for

Israeli

gust 1985.

and Gaza.

**expulsions** 

TEL AVIV (R) — Palestinian activists said Wednesday they

were setting up a committee to protest against Israeli expulsions

of Palestinians following the de-portation of two Arabs in the past

Israeli officials say 12 Palesti-

nians have been expelled from

the occupied territories since a

crackdown was launched in Au-

Twenty-five more Palestinians

freed in a 1985 prisoner exchange

for Israeli soldiers captured in Lebanon have been forced to

leave because they had no re-

sidency papers for the West Bank

Activist Faisel Husseini at a

news conference in occupied

Jerusalem, called for Arabs to

He is also a member of the

Committee Confronting the Iron Fist, an Israeli-Palestinian group opposed to Israel's 20-year

occupation of the West Bank and

Two days ago, Israel expelled Palestinian Mohammad Dahlan,

Israeli occupation authorities

ioin the new committee.

"The decision to withdraw on

movement militiamen.

Delegates said they chatted

Masri hails meeting

Foreign Minister Taher Masri Wednesday hailed the meeting between Mr. Assad and Mr. Mubarak, the Jordanian News Agency, Petra, reported. Petra quoted Mr. Masti as

saying that the meeting was "extremely useful" and beneficial. The foreign minister also hailed the official return of Egypt

Mr. Masri said that the summit's agenda was mostly on Arab subjects and that it was a great opportunity for Arab leaders to meet and discuss mutual in-

Mr. Masri said that the next will be held in Amman and the

men dug in.
The village overlooks the main

Sporadic shelling continued in

The Fatch statement called for

months of bitter fighting for con-

750 people have died and many

have suffered acute deprivation.

Mr. Arafat with provoking the

Syria and Amal have charged

the camps war in Beirut Wednes-

with south Lebanon.

would withdraw.

ported.

settlements."

next summit venue, for which Senegal is the strongest conten-der, will be decided later.

In another move to reduce inter-Arab tension, Mr. Assad Wednesday met Lebanese President Amin Gemayel for the first time in 13 months and said afterwards "we will multiply our efforts to overcome Lebanese-Syrian difficulties."

One Arab rift the summit has made no apparent progress in bealing is between Mr. Assad and Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat.

Syria opposes his hold on the PLO and backs Lebanese Shi'ite Muslim militiamen fighting Palestinian commandos at refugee camps in Lebanon.

Before winding up Thursday, the conference is expected to endorse resolutions calling on both sides in the Iran-Iraq war to stop fighting and on Iran to respond to mediation efforts.

The 6-1/2-year-old war, raging barely 80 kilometres from the conference site, has been the Islamic foreign ministers meeting overriding concern of the

### PLO plans to evacuate Maghdousheh from Maghdousheh but the Fateh in Lebanon, where some 400,000

Palestinians live. Mr. Arafat, attending the sumcoastal highway linking Beirut mit of the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) in Kuwait, on Mr. Arafat's men have insisted Wednesday attacked Islamic leaders, saying they had not done enough to end the fighting. that Amal lift sieges of Palestinian refugee camps before they

He compared the camps war to 1982 massacres by pro-Israeli ra and Shatila camps.

"I would like to present to this summit another Sabra and Shati-"a quick lift of the sieges, to la," he shouted at the OIC deleevacuate the wounded and to allow medical supplies into the "I want to ask this Islamic

conference what it has offered to The Iranians have headed a the thousands of Arab Muslims drive to end more than four who are under siege and starvtrol of five camps in Beirut and south Lebanon, in which at least ing," he said. Speaking on the last day of the

conference, Mr. Arafat said 4,000 Palestinians had died or were wounded in the current round of fighting between Palestinians and Amal militia.

camps war in an effort to re-establish the PLO's Lebanon Referring to the Syrian-backed base lost after the 1982 Israeli militia as a "criminal gang," the PLO chairman accused unnamed Mr. Arafat has accused Amal Arab countries of doing more

### day night reported launching "horrifying" ground attacks on Iranian troops holding some of its southern territory as warplanes hit ten Iranian towns and two ships in the Gulf. A High Command communi-que said units of the Third Army

Corps, backed by heavy artillery further south, staged a "series of horrifying attacks on Iranian positions east of Basra," the southern Iraq port city. "The Iranians were named into scattered burnt corpses and their

weapons were gutted by fire. The attacks sent thousands more Iranians to the crematory," the communique said. It was the first word from

Baghdad of counter-attacks fol-

# U.S. navy moves north

WASHINGTON (R) - The United States has moved five warships into the northern Gulf to support friendly Arab states and has sent an aircraft carrier closer to Lebanon, administration officials said Wednesday.

signd to show Iran and anti-American groups in Lebanon that

sions in the area," one of the officials, who asked not to be identified, told Reuters.

prepared to demonstrate power and resolve and to reassure our friends in the region," said another, referring to the destroyers and frigates moving northward in the Gulf.

jani, speaker of the Iranian parliament, was asked at a news conference in Tehran if preparations for Iran's long-awaited "final blow" had been completed and if Iranian envoys to Turkey and Saudi Arabia this week had car-



summit in Kuwait. From left to right: The Emir of Kuwait, Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah; Alge-

Hussein; Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and King Fahd of Sandi Arabia (Petra photo).

## **Leaders do not reach consensus** on holding formal Arab summit

From Lamis K. Andoni In Kuwait

A MINI Arab summit, which was held on the fringes on the fifth Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) here on Wednesday, failed to produce an agreement on holding the thirteenth regular Arab summit in the near future.

The mini summit, which was attended by Jordan, Sandi Arabia, Algeria, Kuwait and Syria, was held during the morning session of the OIC here. But senior Arab officials told the Jordan Times that Saudi Arabia was still objecting to the idea of holding the regular summit prior to an inter-

Arab reconciliation. Other Arab officials, however, said that the attendance of Egypt Arab League, Syria was still opposed to the idea, and the Saudis, are concerned that any such summit would not be boycotted by Syria. The next summit is expected to be held in Rivadh.

The failure of the mini summit has also led to the collapse of efforts to convene an unofficial Arab summit here on the sidelines of the OIC conference.

The failure of the summit followed an unexpected brief meeting between Syrian President Hafez Al Assad and Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak on Tuesday.

Both sides have denied that of a next summit was the major they actually met. But Arab offi-

defensive action against Iranian

The Baghdad communique

territory had been regained by

Iraqi forces which now had "full

control over every inch of land at

Iraqi warplanes Wednesday

attacked ten Iranian towns and

two "large naval targets" which

Gulf shipping sources identified as the Greek supertanker Tactic

and a ship storing crude oil for

said "important portions"

as jets hit 2 tankers in Gulf

on Jan. 9.

the battlefield."

Iran, the Dena.

BAGHDAD (R) Iraq Wednes- lowing several daily reports of ties in either attack.

point of disagreement. They said cials told the Jordan Times that that while Jordan pressed for a the meeting was pre-arranged by re-admission of Egypt to the Kuwait and Saudi Arabia.

The Egyptians, however, were deeply disappointed in Mr. Assad's speed, and denial of the meeting. In Syria reacted so negatively to the reports of the meeting the Egyptians feit that they should not give any impotance," a senior Arab official

The official said that the Egyptian delegation has informed other "friendly countries" that the meeting did not achieve any progress towards the normalisation of Syrian-Egyptian relations.
On Wednesday, however,
Egyptian Foreign Minister
Esmat Abdul Meguid visited

(Continued on page 4)

Two Hawk surface-to-air mis-

Iran and iets also hit a military

camp in the northern town of

Marivan, the Baghdad communi-

Iraqi warplanes in the battle zone flew 300 sorties and helicop-

ter ganships went out on 176 combat missions, the communi-

que said. It denied Iranian re-

ports that four aircraft were shot

Four people were killed and 14

others wounded by Iranian shell-

ing of Iraq's north east town of

# Iraqi troops launch counter attack prices as of Feb. 1

Jordan Times Staff Reporter

said Wednesday. The government has approved the increase following a request by the publishers of the three dailies to raise the prices to offset

Publishers of the three dailies had furnished the Ministry of Information with invoices showing that over the last 12 months. newsprint prices increased three

their prices. They said that prices of im-ported printing ink, films and film

processing materials also increased.

Under the Jordanian Press and Publications Law, the government

reason for the price raise is the officials said Wednesday. has in the past two days stepped low advertising rates in Jordanian The Foreign Office said it had up the search for Waite and other papers compared to those in

neighbouring countries. The higher cost of living relative to that of 1978, the last time prices were raised, was also cited by the publishers as the cause

Newspapers were also hurt by a government decision last year to

The Foreign Office said ban paid obituary announce-wednesday: "We have had no ments except by direct relatives One publisher interviewed by

"We are prepared to talk to any its contacts but neither they nor raise said that "if the price increase was not endorsed by the government, newspapers will be forced to cut their staff and reduce their services to their

He explained that since 1978, newspapers have been expanding rapidly, employing more people and cultivating more news sources and agencies.

Furthermore, he added, newspapers, today, are published in 30 pages compared to the average 12 pages in 1978 when prices were

(Continued on page 4)

### tively blocked peace negotiations with the Amal when other and the Syrians of seeking to harm to the Palestinians than to crush Palestinian independence Israel. Palestinian factions withdrew Hawke calls for Israel, **PLO** mutual acceptance action against

TEL AVIV (R) - Australian in fact recognise," he told repor-Wednesday mutual acceptance by Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) would remove a major obstacle to Middle East peace.

"I think in fact the PLO recognises the state of Israel is here and is going to continue to be here and I think it is clear the Israeli government understands the fact that the PLO is the onlyorganisation that can speak with some anthority (for Palestinians), Mr. Hawke told a news confer-

Mr. Hawke Wednesday met four prominent Palestinians from the Israeli-occupied West Bank. "The important thing... is to get the two sides to say what they zaleh.

Prime Minister Bob Hawke said ters. "If that could be overcome then this large primary obstacle (blocking peace) could be over-

Mr. Hawke said Israel should not deal with the PLO unless the organisation explicitly accepts Israel's right to exist but this acceptance should obligate Israel, in turn, to accept the PLO in the peace process. The Australian leader said he

opposed new Israeli Jewish settlements in occupied Arab areas. The Palestinians who met the Australian leader were lawyer

Jonathan Kuttab, Bethlehem Mayor Elias Freij, Philosophy Professor Sari Nusseibeh and Gaza doctor Hatem Abu Gha-

# Troops launch teargas attack on Manila rebels

MANILA (R) — The Philippine of a military revolt that was army early Thursday resumed quickly suppressed elsewhere.

Participants at the meeting told diers holed up in a captured television station despite the strong objections of a large number of officers.

As the shelling sent clouds of smoke billowing over the Chan-nel 7 compound, about 100 officers met for more than three hours with armed forces cheif General Fidel Ramos to demand that he settle the rebellion without vio-

station Tuesday morning as part zon Aquino as president.

Reuters during a break that Gen. Ramos agreed with them that bloodshed must be avoided to preserve army unity, but Defence Minister Rafael Beto set a dawn deadline for the rebellion to end one way or another.

Taking prt in the meeting were some of the officers of the Reform the Armed Forces Movement (RAM) who played important roles in driving Ferdinand Marcos

in Gulf ·

They said the moves are de-

Washington is ready to protect its interests in the Gulf and the Mediterranean. "These are precautionary moves because of increased ten-

"They (U.S. forces) are there

Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanried messages to that effect. "This guess is not far off from

reality," he replied. "The trips, too, are connected to this subject. The rebels seized the television from power and installing Cora- Of course we will make the de-

### The sources said the 105,422-Sulaymaniyah and four people ton Tactic was set ablaze, but were injured in an artillery attack there were no reports of casual- on Basra, it added. U.K. ready to talk to

troops who launched their "Kar-sile bases were knocked out west

bala-5" thrust into southern Iraq of the Karun River in south west

que said

groups in Lebanon to track down Anderson of Associated Press and missing Anglican Church envoy Beirut university dean Thomas Terry Waite and secure the release of Western hostages, British

engaged in intensive diplomatic missing Britons. contacts with U.S. officials and other governments about Mr. of Canterbury Robert Runcie. Waite, who vanished in west who expressed grave concern Beirut on Jan. 20 while on a Tuesday about the safety of his mission to negotiate the hostages' personal envoy, said the church

militiamen if they could help to news overnight and that is the of the deceased. find Mr. Waite and give assistance period when it might be expected in the release of Western hos-

ernment official said.

opposition to rewarding terrorist bravery who believed in doing help.
"We will not make substantive

his latest mission focused particu-

radicals in Beirut LONDON (R) - Britain is pre- larly on the freedom of two Amer-

release.
The officials told Reuters that London would not hesitate to talk even to radical Shi'ite Muslim

group which can help to get in-formation about Waite," a gov-ing him have any information."

government would welcome in- Mr. Waite for the first time since formation but added that Britain his disappearance, praising him as was not prepared to soften its a man of enormous courage and organisations in return for their whatever he could to help hos-

United States had become inevit-government. I'm afraid I have no able in the search for Mr. Waite as

pared to talk to radical militia ican nationals - journalist Terry

The British embassy in Beirut A statement from Archbishop

had not established Waite's whereabouts.

that he would be moving around. | the Jordan Times before the gov-

Prime Minister Margaret The Foreign Office also said the Thatcher spoke to reporters about tages of whatever nationality.

"I have regretfully no more concessions," a spokesman said. news of him. It is the way he works The Foreign Office said di- and, I think, his success in the way plomatic coordination with the that he distances himself from

(Continued on page 4)

# King meets Arab, Islamic

leaders KUWAlT (Agencies) - His Majesty King Hussein on Wednesday met Arab and Islamic leaders currently attending the fifth Islamic summit.

The King held separate talks with Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, the Emir of Kuwait Sheikh Jaber Al Ahmad Al Sabah, Algerian President Chadli Benjedid and Pakistani President Mohammad Zia Ul Haq.

The King also received the head of the Omani delegation to the OIC summit Thweini Ibn Shehab who conveyed a message from Sultan Qaboos Ibn Said of

On Tuesday King Hussein conferred with a number of Islamic

leaders. The King met with the Emir of Qatar Sheikh Khalifeh Ibn Hamad Al Thani, Iraqi Vice-President Izzat Ibrahim, President Hussein Mohammad Ershad of Bangladesh and Tunisian Prime Minister Rashid Sfar. Also on Tuesday the King met with Moroccan Prime Minister Izzuddin Laraki, the Emir of Bahrain Sheikh Issa Ibn Salman Al Khalifah, Turkish President Kenan Evren and Somali Foreign Minister Abdul Rahman Berri.

# Arabic dailies to increase

By Salameh B. Ne'matt

AMMAN — As of Feb. 1, the Kingdom's three Arabic dailies - Al Ra'i, Ad-Dustour and Sawt Al Shaab - will be sold for 75 fils instead of the current price of 50 fils, the Ministry of Information

a newsprint price hike and a decline in advertising revenues.

times, forcing newspapers in neighbouring countries, namely Kuwait and Egypt, to double

has to approve, a priori, any newspaper price increase. Publishers said that another

behind the sought increase.

"Our embassy is checking with ernment decision approving the

readers."

raised from 40 to 50 fils.

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# Rafsanjani shows reporters Bible signed by Reagan

TEHRAN (Agencies) — Iran's speaker of parliament Wednesday showed reporters a Bible he said had been signed by U.S. President Ronald

told a news conference that Mr. Reagan sent the volume to the leaders of Iran as a sign of good faith during his secret initiative to improve ties with Tehran.

Reporters climbed on chairs to get a better view when he took the brown covered Bible out of its

They saw verse from the Bible, about unity of religions, inscribed on a blank page of the book. The inscription was signed "Ronald Reagan" and dated Oct.

When he first broke news of secret U.S. arms sales to Iran last year, Mr. Rafsanjani said a Bible had been among gifts from Mr. Reagan delivered to Tehran by former National Security Adviser Robert McFarlane when he flew from Ireland aboard a plane carrying military spare parts.

This was the first time the purported gift had been displayed in public.

Photocopies of a page from an Irish passport in the name of Sean Devlin with a picture of McFarlane were handed out during Wednesday's news

conference. Mr. Rafsanjani said Wednesday Iran had now broken off arms purchase talks with the United States, but would still be prepared

to buy weapons from Washington if there were no strings attached. When we see that the Americans show their hostility ... we do not find the circumstances suitable to continue talks with the contacts in this "channel." Americans, and we have no new plan," the speaker told about 100 reporters and cameramen packed

into a room in the Iranian

parliament building. He said Iran had not viewed the previous deal as an exchange of weapons for Americans kidnapped in Lebanon, but had expected Washington to show its goodwill - by releasing weapons Iran had paid for - if it wanted Tehran to help free the hostages. presumed held by pro-Iranian

Iran's last contact with U.S. officials had been "about a month ago in Frankfurt," Mr. Rafsanjani

a plan from the State Department. events.

Ali Akbar Hashemi Rafsanjani accompanied the usual people." U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz said in Washington Tuesday that he sent his aide Charles Dunbar to a meeting with Iranians in Frankfurt on Dec. 13 to make clear "there will be no more arms sales of whatever

variety. Mr. Rafsanjani said the Iranian side at the Frankfurt talks, whom he described as "purchasing agents, working under intelligence officials," had been told not to accept the State Department

We do not trust the United States any more. They are not he said the Iranian honest... agents had been told. "No plan will be accepted before they

release our property.' He said he knew nothing about reports that Terry Waite, the Church of England envoy trying to secure the freedom of some of the

Western hostages in Lebanon, had been "arrested" in Beirut. But he said: "It is regrettable that someone who has acted to solve problems be entangled in a

problem. We will definitely help (Waite) if we can. I don't know the details of his mission, but apparently it

has been humanitarian." Mr. Shultz said Dunbar, a State Department official, headed a two-man U.S. team that included George Cave of the Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) in the talks with an unnamed Iranian contact. Cave had held earlier

Mr. Shultz said the date for the meeting had been set before he was placed in charge of U.S. policy towards Iran and planning and implementing whatever contacts we may have with Iran." The president charged Mr. Shultz with managing policy toward Iran following the Nov. 25 revelation that U.S. arms had been sold to

The secretary dealt with the Dec. 13 contact in closed testimony last week before the House Foreign Affairs Committee, and he said the impression that had emerged as a result of comments by various people concerning his testimony "A person named Dunbar, with did not reflect his description of

believe there are reasons why it will be significant for them to have Speakes denies contacts a better relationship with us," Mr. Shultz said. "We want to make

that clear to them." In the course of what Mr. Shultz described as "digging into things." he said the CIA, which had been cooperating "readily and easily with the State Department, made it known that there was "a meeting scheduled on Dec. 13 in Frankfurt between an agency person and the Iranian person that they had been dealing with."

Mr. Shultz said he decided, and the president concurred, that plans for the meeting should proceed and that the agency representative should be accompanied by a State Department representative who would be in charge of the delegation, and that "he should have set talking points and deliver

The basic purpose of the meeting was to say through that channel as well as through the public statements the president had made, that any thought on their part that there were going to be further sales of arms was wrong," the secretary explained. "We just wanted to transmit that it might be selling.

We continue to have the view, message in as many ways as as I stated in my testimony, that possible, including through the we'd like to see their (lran's) person that the agency had been behaviour rearranged, and we talking with. And we did that."

Meanwhile White House Deputy Press Secretary Larry Speakes denied assertions by Mr. Rafsanjani about continuing contacts with U.S. officials. He said Washington has not "initiated" any such contacts, adding he is "not aware that any meetings have taken place" since Mr. Shultz broke off contacts on

A senior administration official added that "for a few days" after the December meeting in Europe. "those fellows were calling up, but our fellows were not talking to them." since Mr. Shultz had broken off the contacts when he learned Iran still wanted to swap arms for hostages.

The official said he is 'reasonably sure" that there are. contrary of Mr. Rafsaniani's claim, "no direct shipments" of U.S. arms to Iran; when told Mr. Shultz had said on Capitol Hill that there are no direct or indirect shipments, he said he had dropped the indirect usage only to take into account the possibility that some third country "had a case" of rifles

## U.S. plans to sell 52 F-16 jets to Bahrain, Egypt

Reagan administration has said it will sell 52 advanced F-16C/D fighter jets to Bahrain and Egypt for \$1.7 billion.

The Defence Department said in a statement to Congress that 12 of the jets would go to the Gulf emirate of Bahrain along with air-to-air missiles and other equipment for \$400 million. Cairo would buy another 40 for \$1.3

billion. Egypt has already bought 80 7-16s but the deal with Bahrain would be the first sale of the jets to a Gulf nation. Saudi Arabia has bought F-15 jet fighters from the United States.

Chief contractor for the deals, which gain automatic approval. Congress opposes them within 30 days, is General Dynamics.

The proposed sale of the

WASHINGTON (R) - The highly-sophisticated C/D version of the F-16s was announced amid concern among moderate Arab states about U.S. policy in the Middle East after the disclosure of secret U.S. arms sales to Iran.

> Congressional sources told the Washington Post last week they expected the administration to take advantage of a flareup in the Iran-Iraq war to push for the sale to Bahrain, which has in the past bought less-sophisticated F-5 jets.

> Bahrain needs these advanced fighters," the Pentagon said in the statement to Congress, which is not expected to oppose the sale.

By contributing to the self-defence capability of the Bahrain Defence Force the proposed sale will decrease the likelihood of U.S. involvement in the Middle Eastern conflict." it

# **OIC** chief calls for effective nuclear response

KUWAIT (AP) - Islamic nations must develop a "credible and effective response" to Israel's nuclear capability, the secretary-general of the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) has declared.

Sharifuddin Pirzadeh of Pakistan, the only Islamic nation known to have a developed nuclear programme, told the fifth OIC summit that Israel "would not hesitate to use these terrible weapons in any crisis."

Islamic nations must develop their technological and scientific capabilities "to achieve independence in this vital field" and 'a dependable bulwark of defence against Israel's expansionist designs," he said in a report to the summit.

He said it was vital to develop a "credible and effective response" to Israel's nuclear capabilities. We must also seek interna-

tional guarantees against the use of threat of use of nuclear weapons against the non-nuclear Islamic states," he stressed.

Mr. Pirzadeh charged that Israel has "rejected all efforts to find a comprehensive and peaceful solution to the conflict in the Middle East."

The Israelis have rebuffed a proposal to hold an international peace conference on the Middle East, as decided upon by the U.N. General Assembly and en-dorsed by the OIC," he added. He urged the OIC's 46 members, including the Palestine Liberation Organisation, to "resolve our differences peacefully

and pool our resources to confront the enemy." He voiced deep concern over the Middle East situation and the Palestinian struggle for a home-

land, which he termed "the prime cause of the Islamic nation." He charged that the 6-year-old Gulf war has seriously weakened efforts to achieve Islamic unity and "depleted the resources of

the entire Islamic nation." "Our enemies no doubt are delighted at this state of affairs," he declared. "We can only тошть."

He said the Islamic World, spanning the Middle East, Africa and Asia, was in deep crisis because of the Gulf war and other conflicts that divide them.

QUEEN ALIA

AIRPORT

# Foreigners pressed to leave Beirut

BEIRUT (R) — Students and led by BUC, was complete in leave unless they have compelling teachers Wednesday escalated protest strikes over the kidnapping of four foreign academics in mainly Muslim west Beirut, which remaining Westerners are being pressed by their governments to leave.

Hundreds of students marched from Beirut University College (BUC) Wednesday morning to protest against the simultaneous abduction of one Indian and three American BUC professors on Saturday.

Some colleges closed on Monday in response to a one-day strike call from BUC officials. Wednesday's stoppage, also cal-

west Beirut, a deliberate escalation of the protest.

BUC officials have said their university will not close for good. The growing risk of abduction 26 foreigners are now missing,

believed kidnapped in Beirut has caused Western governments to step up their efforts to persnade their nationals to leave or not visit Lebanon.

A British embassy spokesman said Tuesday night that Britons in Lebanon, particularly in Muslim west Beirut, had again been

advised to leave.

reasons to stay," he told Reuters "uesday, hours after a group of French nationals left west Beirut for the Christian eastern sector.

In Washington, U.S. Secretary of State George Shultz told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that President Reagan was considering ordering remaining Americans out of Lebanon and revoking their passports if they failed to comply.

French Prime Minister Jaques Chirac said in Paris his government had urged French journalists to leave Beirut because of the risk of kidnapping.

### "Our advice is that they should Arab leaders urged to work for unity

Leaders from 11 of the 22 Arab KUWAIT (R) - Kuwaiti news-League members are in Kuwait, papers Wednesday called on Delegates at the Organisation Arab leaders attending the Islaof Islamic Conference (OIC) mic summit here to overcome meeting said host Kuwait was differences and work for unity. The newspaper Al Rai Al Aam trying to arrange an informal said Arab leaders should oversummit of Arab leaders. come obstacles to unity and not

"The mountain of ice is starting to melt and hands have joined... Mubarak of Egypt walked hand-those separated by political dif-in-hand into the conference ball. allow Arab causes to be

ferences have come together," the daily Al Qabas said in a front-page editorial. The paper bailed a surprise

gesture of friendliness at the summit Tuesday when estranged President Hafez Al Assad of Syria and President Hosni Mubarak of Egypt walked hand-

# OIC may give cautious approval of Soviet peace proposals on Afghanistan

KUWAIT (R) - Islamic leaders Tuesday welcomed what he calmeeting here appear set to give a cautious nod to recent Soviet peace proposals on Afghanistan, where Moscow's intervention has strained its ties with Islamic

A draft resolution likely to be approved by an Islamic summit says a proposed Soviet pullout "will remove a major obstacle in the relations between the Islamic countries and the Soviet Union.' according to a text obtained by

The pro-Soviet government in Kabul proposed earlier this month a ceasefire with Mujahideen rebels and a gradual pullout of Soviet troops from the Islamic country.

The draft repeats earlier Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) demands for the immediate withdrawal of Soviet troops. But in an apparent softening of

past declarations, it also calls for a "short time frame" for the withdrawal. Neither Afghan rebels nor

nistan after the 1979 Soviet intervention - have expressed full support for the draft, proposed by Pakistan.

Pakistani President Zia Ul Haq

Damascus, Athens (OA)

Damascus, Paris (AF)
Beirut (ME)

Soviet allies in the 46-member

OIC - which suspended Afgha-

led "positive signals" from the Soviet Union, although Afghan rebels have rejected anything short of a total unconditional

Dullout. Moscow has been anxious to improve relations with the Islamic World, notably in the Gulf where it still lacks diplomatic relations with Saudi Arabia, Bahrain and Qatar.

In a conciliatory message to the summit, the Supreme Soviet said Moscow was in the process of pulling out some of its troops from Afghanistan and was ready to speed up withdrawal of the

President Hafez Al Assad of Syria, a Soviet ally, urged the summit Tuesday night to respond favourably.

say the draft resolution does not sufficiently welcome the Soviet initiative, delegates said.

close Soviet ties - have made formal reservations.

They are also concerned about a clause they see as quasi-recognition of the Mujahideen rebels, who are attending as guests.

**EMERGENCIES** 

Amman governorate 891228 Amman Civil Defence 198, 199 Civil Defence Irbid.... 271293, 273131

Amman downtown fire brigade .... 198

Police rescue ...... 192\_621111\_637777

Electric Power Co. .. 636381/4, 624881

Queen Alia Intl. Airport (08) 53330/60

HOSPITALS

Hussein Medical Centre ..... 813813/32

Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn ... 644281/6

Akileh Maternity, J. Amn.... 642441/2 Jabal Amman Maternity ....... 642362

Apple (double red and starken) 280 / 240

y Hospital ner Hospital ne, Abdali

Al-Ahli, Abdali ....

Carrot (yellow)

Italian, Al-Muhajreen... Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafieh.

Civil Defence Deir Alla .

Blood bunk

Civil Defence resone

It urges OIC members to establish closer cooperation with the of Afghanistan and its identity as

A rebel spokesman told Reuters the Mujahideen felt the draft did not go far enough.

representative of our nation," he The draft urges that a "short time-frame" for a Soviet pullout be presented at the next round of

That clause is also opposed by the Mujahideen. "We have re-

said they had requested a postponement until after a forthcoming visit to Moscow by Pakistani

with Pakistani officials, delegates

NIGHT DUTY

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817411

845120 773034

77311/19

642311

661176

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190 / 160 200 / 160 220 / 180

180 / 140

270 / 200

200 / 150

100 / 60 110 / 70

.. 170 / 120 ... 100 / 70

AMMAN: Dr. Jamil Maraq

Khalaf pharmacy.

Saheb pharmac

Al Wahda taxi .... Khaidoun taxi ....

Dr. Tareq Hejjawi ....

ordan Television.

Hotel complaint

Repair service ...

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06:45 10:45

**GENERAL** 

Telephone Information

Jordan and Middle East calls

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Heyam taxi .... Balasemah taxi

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TAXIS:

USEFUL TELEPHONE NOS.

57306

630341

661111

664171/4

845845/65

667227/9

664164/6

775111/26

891611/15

280 / 240

250 / 200

. 110 / 70 .. 70 / 50 . 150 / 120

. 110/80

600 / 550 270 / 200

150 / 100

MARKET PRICES

193, 775111

TODDAN TRI EVISION

PROGRAMME ONE	
15:30	Koran
15:50	Programme review
15:55	Tom Sawyer
16-20	Children programme:
17-30	Local health programme
19-66	Teaching French
19.30	Local contests programme
10:30	News programme
10-50 I	rogramme review and varietie
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20:00	News III Alaba
20:40	Arabic serie
ZI:30	Tomorrow's programme
21:35	Name common in Arabi

PROGRAMME TWO News in French La valle des neuniters

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM

87:30	Newsdesk
98:99	Morning Show
18:00	News Summary
10-05	Morning Show
	Pop Session
11.00	Hitsville: The story of Motown
11:30	Man Common
12:00	News Summary
12:05	Now Music
13:00	News Summary
13:05	Pop Session
14:00	News Bulletin
14:10	Instrumentals
14:30	Just a Minute
15:60	Concert Hour
16:00	News Summary
16:05	lnstrumentals
16:30	Old Favourites
17:00	Don Sarrian
	Pop Session News Summary
10.80	News Summary

TV & RADIO .... Music Newsdesk

### BBC WORLD SERVICE

21:55

23:57

. Evening Show News Summary

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ne Show Contd

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639, 720, 1323 KHz 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Classical Record Review 06:45 Reflections 06:50 Finan-cial News 07:00 World News 07:09 24 Newsdesk 68:30 Masterpiece in Minia-ture 68:46 The Farming World 99:00 World News 99:09 24 Hours: News Summary 69:30 Sing Gospel 69:45 Net-work UK 10:00 World News 10:00 work UK 10:00 World News 10:00 Reflections 10:15 Country Style 10:30 John Peel 11:30 World News 11:00 British Press Review 11:15 The World Todgy 11:30 Financial News: Look Ahead 11:45 Body Talk 12:00 News Summary: Look What They've Done to my Song 12:30 Two Cheers for January 13:00 World News 13:00 News Aheast Beitin 13:15 New 10:45 11:35 About Britain 13:15 New Ideas 13:25 A Letter from England 13e30 Assign-ment 14:00 Radio Newsreel 14:15 Muititrack 2 — Top Twenty 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:00 World News 15:09 24

Hours: News Summary 15:30 Network **VOICE OF AMERICA** MW 1260 & SW 7200, 9565, 11740,

Morning 06:00 News 06:10 Newsline 06:30 VOA Morning 07:00 News 07:10 Newsline 07:30 VOA Morning 08:00 News 08:10 Newsline 08:30 VOA Morning 69:00 News 69:16 Newsline 69:30 VOA Morning 69:57 News Sum-mary 17:60 News 17:10 Newsline 17:30 Now Music USA 18:90 News 18:10 Focus 18:30 Special English News & Features 19:80 News 19:10 Newsline Features 19:30 News 19:10 News 19:30 Magazine Show 20:00 News 20:10 Focus 20:30 Special English News & Features 21:30 News 21:10 Newsline 21:30 Now Music USA 22:00 News & Editorial 22:15 Music USA

## WHAT'S GOING ON

TODAY'S EVENTS

" An exhibition of photographs enti-tled "La Villette" at the French Cultural Centre (until Jan. 29).

A painting exhibition by Saleh Abu andi at the Petra Bank Gallery — Wadi Saqra (until Feb. 3).

Cultural Centre.

Royal Cultural Centre Tel.	60102
American Centre	;443
American Centre Library	6415
British Council	
French Cultural Centre	
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Centre	
Haya Arts Centre	
Hussein Youth City	
Y.W.C.A	
Y.W.M.A	6642
Ammon Municipal I ibour	4361

### **MUSEUMS**

tumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th turies). The Roman Theatre, Am Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the anti-quities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00

EXHIBITIONS

FEATURE FILM

"Heaven Can Wait" at 7:00 p.m.
 Thursday at the American Centre.

**VIDEO** 

"L'Opera de Paris presente Ravel" at 4:00 p.m. Thursday at the French

### CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre	:44
American Centre Library	
British Council	
French Cultural Centre	
Goethe Institute	
Soviet Cultural Centre	
Spanish Cultural Centre	
Turkish Cultural Centre	
Haya Arts Centre	
Hussein Youth City	
Y.W.C.A.	
Y.W.M.A.	90%
Amman Municipal Library	030

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Univ. of Jordan Library .

man. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 651760.

# a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fridays and official bolidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.) Closed Tuesdays.

INTERNATIONAL collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculptures by contemporary Islamic This information is supplied by Royal tries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Munta-zah, Jabal Luweibdeh. Opening hours: Jordanian information department at the Queen Alia International Auport 10.00 - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed Tuesdays. Tel. 630128.

### CHURCHES

St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590. Jabal Amman, Tel. 624590.

Church of the Ammadation (Roman De ia Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussein, Tel. 661757. Terrasanta Church (Roman Catholic). grage, meet every Saturday at 5:30 p.m. Tel. 622366.
Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541.
Amsilcon Church (Control of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali, Tel. 623541. Anglican Church (Church of the Re-deemer) Jabal Amman, Tel. 678906.

an Catholic Church Ashrafich St. Ephratin Church (Syrian Orthodox) Ashrafich, Tel. 771751.
Amman International Characteristics of the communications (Characteristics)

Evangelical Lutheran Church, Jabal Amman, 6th Circle, (Rev. N. Smir), Tel. 811295. Rainbow Congregation (International, Interdenominational) meets in the Church of the Redeemer, Jabal Amman, Tel. 606974.

	PKAYI	EK TIMLES
5:08		Fajt (Sunrise) Duha
6:29		(Sunrise) Duha
1:45		Dhuhr
4:45		'As
7:09		Maghreh
8:30		Maghreb

### 10:30 ..... Lamaca, Bur

12:30	
1:30	Athens (RJ)
2:80	
2:15	
D:30	Bahrain, Doha (RJ)
9-45	Kuwait (RJ)
1-44	Jeddah (RJ)
1-00	Kush I marre Shannam (P7)
11.15	Coin (P)
11.12 21.13	Kuala Lumpur, Singapore (RJ)
7-80	Bangkok (RJ)
2.00	Dangkok (RJ)
1:30	Baehdad (RJ)
1-30	Baghdad (RJ) Abu Dhabi (RJ)

mer 10:30 Music Now 11:00 World

News 11:09 British Press Review 11:15 The World Today 11:39 Financial News; Look Ahead 11:45 Stories of

Sing Gospel 12:15 Merchant Navy Programme 12:30 Business Matters 13:00 World News 13:09 News about

Letter from Northern Ireland 13:30

Meridian 14:00 Radio Newsree! 14:15

Jazz for the Asking 14:45 Sports Round-up 15:40 World News 15:09 24

Hours: News Summary 15:30 John Peel 16:00 Outlook; News Summary

16:45 Nature Notebook 17:60 Radio Newsreel 17:15 The State of Europe

18:15 Science in Action 18:45 The

World Today 19:00 World News 19:09 A Letter from Northern Ireland 19:15

After Berlinz 19:45 Sports Round-up 20:00 Newsdesk 20:30 Muhitrack 3 21:00 News Summary; Outlook 21:39

21:89 News Summary; Outlook 21:39 Stock Market Report 21:45 About

### 11:30 Athens (SV 13:30

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

FOR THE TRAVELLER

Regular-line ships docking at Agaba

service, Tel: 603703/15.

Wednesday rates Local sell/buy rates in fils 7 Parca 21 .... . 89.1/ 89.9 . 163.7/ 167.1 Dutch guilder ..... French franc ...... Italian lira ...... Japanese yen (for 100) 219.1/ Swedish crown 51.3/ 52.3 Swiss franc .... U.K. sterling pound ...

dulletin supplied by the Department of Fair weather is expected again with contheasterly moderate winds. In southeasterly moderate winds. In Aqaba, fair weather and northerly Min./max. term

# Friends of Moscow in the OIC

Iraq, the Palestine Liberation Organisation, Syria, Libya, South

Yemen, Mali, Burkina Faso and Algeria — most of which have

Mujahideen and supports their role in the "restoration of the independent non-aligned status an Islamic country."

"It is necessary for the OIC to accept the Mujahideen as the sole

indirect talks in Geneva between the Pakistani and Afghan governments under U.N. auspices.

servations about the negotiations in Geneva," a spokesman said. "They are not between the real parties in the conflict." The talks are due to begin on Feb. 11 but Pakistani delegates

Foreign Minister Sahabzada Yaqub Khan. The U.N. mediator on Afghanistan, Diego Cordovez, has been discussing the postponement here

TOKDAM TEFFARMON	
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PROGRAMME ONE	
5:30	Koran
5:50	Programme review
15:55	Tom Sawyer
6-20	
17:30	Local health programme
8-66	Teaching French
18:30	Local contests programme
19:30	News programme
19:50	Programme review and varieties
28-00	
20:40	Arabic series
21:30	Tomorrow's programmes

Champs Elvscer

. World Sports ... News in Arabic Paul Daniel Show Remineton Steele 22:80 News in English 22:20 Feature film: "The Rip Off" Lee Van Cleef, Karen Black, Edward Albert

# & partly on 9560 KHz, SW Tel: 774111-19

6/:30	
98:00	Morning Show
10:00	News Summary
10:05	Morning Show .
71:00	Pop Session
11:30	Hitsville: The story of Motown
	News Summary
12-85	Now Music
	News Summary
13-65	Pop Session
14-66	News Bulletin
14-10	
14.20	Just a Minute
15.60	
14.00	News Summary
	Instrumentals
10202	Old Favourites
10:26	

# FOR FRIDAY

19:30

67:00

Light Music

10:20 Programme review 10:25 Cartoons and children programme Toy Box III Friday's Prayer Sport Magaz Arabic scree Variety progra lane Evre

News programm

19-30

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JORDAN TELEVISION

28-30 A programme on the West Bank Arabic series PROGRAMME TWO

Weekly Preview ... Falcon Crest 21:10 News in English Paradise Postponed RADIO JORDAN 855 KHz, AM & 99 MHz, FM partly on 9560 KHz, SW

.... Light Music

07:30 98:96 10:99 News St . French Film 12:05 News in French 12:30 French Varieties News St News in Hebres 13:05 History of Medicine News in Arabic 15-88

17:00

19:30

.. Morning Show . News Summary ning Show Contd. . News Summary 21:39 Listeners' Choic isteners' Choice Country Music Country Music **BBC WORLD SERVICE** Jordan Weekh

. In Concert

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Instrumental

.. In Concert

.. Top Twent

Date with a Star

French way of Life Play of the Week Over a Cup of Tea .... Jazz Hou ...... News Summary
....... Men from the Ministry
...... The Musical in Review

639, 730, 1323 KHz 06:00 Newsdesk 06:30 Country Style 06:45 Reflections 06:50 Financial News 97:00 World News 67:09 24 Hours: News Summary 07:30 A Future for the Past 07:45 The World Today 08:30 Newsdesk 08:30 Mexidian 09:00 World News 09:09 24 Hours: News Summar 09:39 Nashville Cats 09:45 Marchan Navy Programme 10:00 World News 10:09 Reflections 10:15 Pierre Fourtel. (08) 53200-5, where it should always be verified. ARRIVALS

ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS 09:25 . Jeddah (RJ) Dubai, Abu Dhabi (RJ Dhahran, Kuwait (RJ 16-55 ... Athens (RJ

OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) 12-30 Kuwait (KU) . Athens (SV Amsterdam, Damascus (KLM)
...... Frankfurt (LH) 18:30 ... Cairo (MS)

15:30 Riyadh (SV MARITIME TRAFFIC

Amin Kawar and Sons Company, with its new offices in Shmeisam, at your MONEY EXCHANGE

W. German mark ...... 184.4/ WEATHER

. 8/24 Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 15, Aqaba 22. Humidity readings: Amman 53 per cent, Aqaba 27 per

Wind in the Willows Mass world News 98:89 The World Today 98:25 A Letter from Northern Ireland 98:39 Financial News 98:48 Reflections 98:45 Sports Round-up 91:90 World News; Commentary \$1:15 From the Weeklies 01:30 Multitrack 3 **QUEEN ALIA** 

Britain 22:00 World News 22:09 24

Hours: News Summary 22-30 Science in Action 23:00 News Summary; Net-work UK 23:15 Music Now 23:45 The

Wind in the Willows 24:00 World News

INT'L AIRPORT ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS (Terminal 1) Abu Dhabi (RJ

89:25

..... Aqaba (RJ) ...... Cairo (RJ) ..... Jeddah (RJ)

Kuunit (R) 17:40 OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2)

Cairo (MS) 69:20 ..... Sanz'a (Lif) ..... Rio de Japeiro, Lisbou (IA) 12:30 Muscat, Doba (GF)

DEPARTURES ROYAL JORDANIAN FLIGHTS

11:45 Vie (RJ) 12:15 13:30 22'2 (RJ) 20:30 Dubai, Karachi (RJ) 20:45 21:15 . Crizo (RS) OTHER FLIGHTS (Terminal 2) .... Damascus (RJ) 68:20 14:00 Doha, Abu Dhahi, Muscer (GF) 14:00 15:00

..... Amsterdam, New York (RJ)

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### **NEWS IN BRIEF**

### King condoles Atallah's family

AMMAN (J.T.) — His Majesty King Hussein has delegated Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'd Ibn Zaid to convey the King's condolences to the family of Anton Atallah, a former minister and member of Parliament who died in Amman on Tuesday at the age of 90.

### Eight die in week's accidents

AMMAN (Petra) — Eight persons were killed and 117 others were injured in 265 road accidents which occurred in Jordan in the past week, according to a statistical bulletin issued by the Public Security Department (PSD) on Wednesday. The bulletin said that 149 of these accidents took place in the Amman region.

### Fact-finding mission ends visit

AMMAN (J.T.) A fact finding mission entrusted by the International Labour Organisation (ILO) to investigate the conditions of Arab workers under Israeli rule has wound up a four-day visit to Jordan and left Amman. During the visit, the mission members met with Minister of Labour and Social Development Khaled Al Haj Hassan who urged the ILO to take effective measures to help Arab workers and to improve their conditions. The minister told the mission that the conditions of Arab workers in the occupied territories have seriously deteriorated due to Israel's illegal and arbitrary measures.

### Muasher confers with AOID director

AMMAN (Petra) — Mr. Hatem Abdul Rashid, director general of the Arab Organisation of Industrial Development (AOID) Wednesday conferred with Minister of Industry and Track Rajan Muasher to review the organisation's general activities. A Ministry of Industry and Trade spokesman said that the two officials discussed cooperation between Jordan and the AOID in conducting an industrial survey in the Kingdom and a planned meeting in Amman by a special committee charged with following up on a programme for promoting the sale of products manufactured by joint Arab industrial businesses.

### JMA to hold elections in April

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordanian Medical Association (JMA) will hold elections in April and physicians in Jordan will be able to take part by voting at centres to be set up in Amman, Irbid and Karak. A JMA spokesman said that nomination for the association's board will open on Feb. 25 and close on March 21. The JMA also announced that it has decided to form a new society for specialists in kidney diseases and said the society's constituent assembly will hold its first meeting in the coming

### Robbers get prison terms with labour

AMMAN (Petra) — The military court has sentenced six persons to a number of years in jail with hard labour for taking part in several crimes and robberies. Shahed Mohammad Khleifat, Khahil Suleiman Al Qatat and Yousef Ahmad Al Halalat have each been seitenced to four years while Jaber Ahmad Haman, Maher Abdul Rahim Abu Khayyat and Abdul Rahim Al Sikafi each received three year terms. The military governor on Wednesday endorsed the sentences.

### Cabinet approves Saudi loan, memo with West Germany

on Wednesday approved a 70 million Saudi riyal loan to Jordan, which will finance the construction of buildings for the Faculty of Medical Sciences at the University of Science and Technology near Irbid. The loan is being provided by the Saudi Development Fund

The Cabinet, which met under the chairmanship of Deputy Prime Minister Abdul Wahab Al Majali, also approved memoranda exchanged between the Jordanian and West German governments on a regional planning project. The project entails training Jordanian personnel in mat- engineer Farhan Haddad.

AMMAN (Petra) — The Cabinet ters pertaining to regional plan-on Wednesday approved a 70 ning and providing advice to Jordan to help the Kingdom draw up a regional planning strategy.

> Also, Wednesday the Cabinet approved Jordan's participation in an international tourism fair due to open in Paris on Feb. 6. The Cabinet also formed a delegation led by Tourism Authority Director Nasri Atallah to lead a delegation to the fair.

> The Cabinet decided also to extend the mandate of a committee now in charge of the municipality of Kitem in Irbid Governorate. The committee is chaired by

from scientific progress. One of course cannot Arabise subjects

without first finding appropriate

symbols in Arabic to correspond

to those in other languages, Dr.

Khalifa pointed out. So far, he

said, no unified system of sym-

bols has been worked out in

Arabic and for this reason the

JAA entrusted a group of profes-

sors in mathematics, physics and

chemistry to try to devise such a

system which has been referred to

### Academy draws up Arabic symbols for scientific subjects

AMMAN (Petra) — Committees subjects has become essential to charged with proposing symbols in Arabic for mathematics, physical and characteristics of the committees of the committee of the committees of the committees of the committee of the committees of the committee of the committees of the committees of the committee of the committees of the commit sics and chemistry met at the Jordan Academy of Arabic (JAA) on Wednesday to discuss and endorse appropriate symbols, corresponding to those in foreign languages, to be used for Arabic-speaking students.

The committees were formed by the academy on Tuesday at the start of a three-day meeting to discuss the subject of Arabising different subjects taught at schools and universities in the

Addressing the opening session on Tuesday was Dr. Abdul Karim Khalifa, the academy's president, who said that Arabising scientific

the three committees. University professors, educationalists and teachers from different Arab countries are taking part in the meeting.

### Stars by Satellite — American celebrities talk to Radio Jordan

AMMAN (J.T.) — On Sunday, Azar interviews the famous Centre, Stars by Satellite will present a series of interviews us-American entertainers and personalities, according to a press release issued by the American Centre in Amman.

Feb. 1 at 11:00 a.m., in an interview with Paul Anka, Radio Jordan will inaugurate a new radio

American singer and composer Paul Anka. Paul speaks with Rima from the Golden Nugget feature "Stars by Satellite." A Hotel in Las Vegas, Nevada, joint venture between Radio Jor- where he is presently performing. dan and the American Cultural In the interview, Paul discusses his career, his views on music and his experiences as an Arabing a satellite link-up between American. Future programmes Radio Jordan and well-known will feature stars such as Loretta Lynn, Tina Turner and others who have made a lasting impression on the world's music scene as well as stars from other walks of In the first programme, Rima life, the release added.

### Joint symposium begins in New Delhi

NEW DELHI (Petra) - A joint Jordanian-Indian symposium on sciences opened in the Indian capital on Wednesday. The three-day meeting will discuss subjects related to scientific policies for developing the skills of technicians and other personnel involved in the field of technology. The symposium will also discuss issues related to the economics of construction, industrial equipment and

# Al Bashir takes \$1m linear accelerator out of storage to treat cancer patients

By Rana Sabbagh Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan's first-ever linear accelerator will be operational in eight weeks from today, to offer cancer patients here a more advanced form of radiotherapy treatment.

The U.S. Varian-made machine, purchased by the Health Ministry for \$1 million, provides patients with two forms of radiation therapy: X-ray and Electron Beam Therapy (EBT). Specialised doctors recommend

the ETB method for its accuracy in giving radiotherapy treatment. "It is more precise in giving radiation doses to malignant areas. It therefore protects other parts surrounding the affected area from being exposed to unnecessary radiation," explained Dr. Samir Al Kayyed, head of the government-run Al Bashir Hospital department for nuclear

medicine and radiotherapy.

The 11 tonne collosal machine is installed at the hospital's newly added wing - the Jordan Cancer Centre. All infrastructural works needed for the equipment's installation have been completed at a cost of JD 750,000. Al Bashir Hospital has been offering radiotherapy treatment to cancer patients since 1958 using two cobalt-gamma-ray machines. The first machine was installed in 1965 and the second in 1976. There are plans to purchase a third cobalt gamma ray machine in three months at a cost of JD 100,000.

The new linear accelerator machine arrived on Jan. 21 of this year, almost three years after it was ready for delivery.

Last February, a heated debate broke out in the Lower House of Parliament over the delay in the machine's arrival and the high storage fees the Health Ministry was paying to an American storage agency. Audit Bureau figures said that the ministry was paying \$500 each month for storage of the equipment.

Prime Minister Zaid Rifai told the deputies on Feb. 18 last year that the Health Ministry was not need a research centre for instructed to sell the machine but cancer. Health Minister Zaid patients. "They could help us to also used in tumour detection failed to do so since it was Hamzeh said last August that support poor patients who have to tests.

especially manufactured for use in "Jordan does not need a new take chemotherapy at the Jordan. Officials have avoided any comment on this issue.

Al Bashir, which is presently limited to offering radiotherapy treatment for cancer patients will soon start providing chemotherapy, Dr. Al Kayyed told the Jordan Times on Tuesday.

At present, the government-run hospital located on top of one of Amman's seven mountains is treating cancer patients referred by different hospitals. Its cancer unit has 26-beds and Dr. Kayyed says that cancer patients who undergo surgery at the hospital can also stay at its other medical

Need for rehabilitation centre

Dr. Kayyed, a radiotherapists and oncologist, conceded that the hospital which has "excellent radiotherapy machines," lacked a rehabilitation centre and a care, unit for treatment of terminal cancer patients.

cancer centre at present. Rather, the Kingdom requires improvements to the services and treatment facilities offered to cancer patients."

> Amal Centre given the thumbs down

GUVS' response to Dr. Hamzeh's statements were that preparations to start Al Amal Centre were still continuing despite questions about the project's viability. The project later got a negative answer from the Higher Health Council over whether or not the scheme should

Dr. Hamzeh, together with doctors at Al Bashir's newly-set up Jordan Cancer Centre firmly believe that treatment facilities offered at the hospital are "covering the needs of Jordanian

cancer patients." However, GUVS officials have



Out of its dust covers, the linear accelerator is now installed at Al Bashir Hospital and is expected to be operational in eight weeks (Al

"It is in this field where the maintained that the scrapped General Union of Voluntary centre was not mainly dedicated Societies (GUVS) could offer for research purposes. Rather, a help" said Dr. Kayyed, apparently, referring to the government's recent decision to scrap the union's projected JD 8 million Al Amal Centre for the treatment of cancer. The project was to be completed by 1990. But while preparations for its construction were underway, the government said that Jordan does

GUVS booklet said the centre would offer treatment for cancer patients through diagnosis and would also provide them with financial and moral support.

Dr. Kayyed, who has been working for Al Bashir since 1984, still believes that the role of GUVS could be complementary to the ministry's efforts in the area of medical treatment for cancer

Kingdom's only two hospitals currently offering this service." These hospitals are the University of Jordan Hospital and the King Hussein Medical Centre.

The Health Ministry pays around 90 per cent of the chemotherapy treatment's cost. Charitable societies, Dr. Kayyed said, could cover the remaining 10

## Number of cases

Over the past few years, Al Bashir's cancer treatment unit has helped 2,357 patients free of charge. Dr. Kayyed said his department treated 500 referred cancer cases during 1986 in contrast to 248 patients in 1980.

Out of the total referred cases for last year, 20 per cent suffered from breast cancer, 17.8 per cent from head and neck cancer, 16.9 per cent from cancer in the marrow system and 8.1 per cent from lymphomas cancer.

Jordan lacks the social part for treatment of cancer patients including rehabilitation and psychological therapy, said Dr.

Excluding figures obtained by Al Bashir hospital's department for statistics, there are no official number of cancer patients in

However, the World Health Organisation's (WHO) rough estimates for cancer patients in Jordan during 1985 was put at. 8,500 cases per one million.

Dr. Kayyed noted that the number of cancer patients in Jordan's northern parts was much greater than in the country's southern regions. He also revealed ministry plans to buy a new machine for the treatment of skin cancer. He could not give a definite date for the purchase.

Answering a question on the nuclear medicine offered at his department, Dr. Kayyed said it included isotope scanning, and a laboratory where immunoassay tests to detect tumours are carried out. Immunoassay is a branch of chemistry that deals with the identification of a substance (as a protein) through its capacity to act as an antigen. Immunoassays are

### Dajani tours six districts near Amman

AMMAN (Petra) - Minister of Interior Rajai Dajani on Wednesday continued a two-day tour of six district governorates around Amman and met mayors and heads of local councils.

The minister's tour took him to Wadi Seer, Na'our, Jizeh, Sahab, Muwaqqar and Umm Al Basatin. He started his tour in Wadi Seer where district governor Issa Mahmoud and local officials outlined the needs of the 73,000 inhabitants in the district which groups eight village councils. The minister also made a review of the different projects for the dis-

Later the minister visited Na'our and met members of the municipal council and representatives of the region. District Govemor Aref Abu Karaki spoke at the meeting referring to the five-year plan which, he said, assigned ID 24 million for projects in the Na'our district.

At Jizeh, Sahab, Muwaqqar and Umm Al Basatin, Mr. Dajani met municipal councils and heard requests for civil defence centres. branches for the passport depart-ment and other public services.

# Arab economists meet today to discuss plan for regional action

medium-term plan to promote joint regional action and international cooperation

The meeting, to be attended by representatives of 10 Arab states, will discuss a paper drafted by the United Nations Economic and Social Commission for Western Asia (ESCWA) on the general framework of a medium-term plan (1990-1995) in the light of the economic, social and political problems facing the region. Under the patronage of His

Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the meeting will also propose general frameworks and fields for the programme priorities to be presented at the commission's fourteenth session, to be held at the ministerial level in Baghdad early in April.

The two-day meeting, which brings together eminent persona-lities of the region, will be contributing to the global United Na-tions plan to be adopted by the General Assembly.

The first step in the preparation of a medium-term plan (each

legislative authority of the U.N. General Assembly, the ESCWA and inter-governmental bodies into work plans.

The commission's ministerial session resolutions, and those of its technical committee and its inter-governmental meetings then provide the basic legislative support for the planning process and the drafting of the ESCWA programme budget. When required, the plan is subject to review every two years for adjust-

### Working paper

The commission's working paper entitled "General Framework and Programme Priorities for the Medium-Term Plan, 1990-1995," reviews the following economic and social issues facing the region: development issues and policies; food and agriculture; industrial development; science and technology; international trade and development; finance; public administration

mic experts will assemble here the current plan terminating in energy; social and human detoday to review and discuss a 1989) is the translation of the velopment; transport and communications; statistics, and transnational corporations.

### **Participants**

Participants in the meeting in-

clude: Ibrahim Hilmi Abdul Rah-

man, Ahmad Khalifa, Ismail Sabri Abdullah, Hamed Ammar, Sa'ad Eddin Ibrahim, Mohammad Mahmoud El Imam of Egypt; Abubakr Assaqqaf of the Yemen Arab Republic, Ismail Al Delaimy, Hatim Abid El Rasheed, Khair El Din Haseeb, Suad Khalil Ismail, Abdul Hassan Zalzala, Mahdi Al Obeidi of Iraq; Jawad Anani, Taher H. Kanaan of Jordan; Sa'eed Ghobash of the United Arab Emirates; Saleem El Hoss of Lebanon; Adnan Shihab Eddin, Abdallah Muhammad Ali of Kuwait; Faraj Bin Ghanim of the People's Democratic Republic of Yemen; Mohammad Imady of Syria; Muhammad Khadr of Sudan and Yousef Al Sayegh of

## Rough times need tough tactics, economist says

By Salameh B. Ne'matt Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN --- "The first half of the 1980's brought Jordan the roughest economic times since the 1967 war," according to a prominent Jordanian economist who also said that this warranted "a comprehensive programme to rectify loose budgeting and spending by both the private and public sec-

Dr. Khalil Salem, a veteran economist, said the government has gone for import substitution rather than exports, let its exchange rate become uncompetitive, shunned foreign investment, held down farm prices, and preferred fancy projects to investment in revenue-gathering

Speaking on Tuesday evening at a lecture organised by the World Affairs Council, Dr. Salem proposed a host of sweeping austerity measures and reforms to "better manage" the Kingdom's resources. He said tough measures need to be adopted to deal with a situation he said caused by internal as well as external conditions. Speaking to an audience that

included several Jordanian officials, Dr. Salem, rapporteur of the finance committee of the Upper House of Parliament, criticised the government for "not adequately addressing the pre-sent problems," but added however that "chances for improvements are good." He called for the establishment

of a concrete set of measures to tackle the domestic causes of the Kingdom's debt problem; economic mismanagement, inflation, excessive government control of the economy and capital flight.

"The most important aspect of the recession is the decline of per capita income over four years,' Dr. Salem said in reviewing the symptoms of the recession. Agricultural production is poor, industry is suffering, tourism is weak and purchasing power

With the decline in international prices, he said, Jordanian industry has faced stiff competition and export problems.

Dr. Salem said the government "has been attributing most economic problems to international conditions. This is no longer relevant," The former Cabinet member said that declining oil prices have hurt the national economy, "but, at the same time, the oil bill has been reduced to lower and satisfactory levels."

He said the government had allocated funds for investment in 'non-lucrative projects," such as the South Cement Company, the Jordan Timber Processing Industries, the Abu Nuseir housing project, the Yarmouk University expansion, the Jordan Fertilisers Company and the Plaza Hotel. He said other losses were in-

curred because of high project costs as in the case of the Queen Alia International Airport and the Arab Potash Company.

### Loans

Dr. Salem pointed out that Jordan obtained loans to the value of JD 1,000 million in 1986 compared to only ID 63 million in 1973 (when Dr. Salem was the minister of finance). He said only 15 per cent of these loans were Arab loans, but officials present said the correct figure was 25 per

He said that 78.4 per cent of

# Travelling pacifist brings flag of peace to Jordan

By Sa'ad G. Hattar Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — John Michael has a dream that peace will prevail in the world and that all people on earth will live in friendship and fraternity. Mr. Michael, who is currently in Amman hoping to have an audience with His Majesty King Hussein, has already visited several countries with the aim of spreading his beliefs and to present world leaders with a triangular flag of peace.

The 33-year-old American citizen told the Jordan Times on Wednesday that he hoped an audience with King Hussein would be arranged after the King returns from Kuwait. "I have heard so much about the King's sincere efforts for peace and his pioneering personality and I'm looking forward to meeting him in person," Mr. Michael said. "I will ask His Majesty to grant us the honour of being an honorary member of the advisory board of

our corporation," he added. Earth Trust is a non-profit corporation, which is sponsored by private citizens, has been supporting Mr. Michael's treks to various countries. Their ultimate goal, according to Mr. Michael, is to resolve territorial feuds, spare States.

the world from a potential nuc-lear holocaust and to create a harmonious and peaceful atmosphere for all people.

Mr. Michael arrived in Jordan last week from the Israeli occupied West Bank. In the occupied city of Jerusalem, Mr. Michael and his supporters distributed brochures calling for peace and hoisted the Earth Trust's flag of peace in front of a large crowd.

The flag is a navy blue triangle with a sphere and a map of the earth which shows all the continents as a chain of connected islands in one ocean.

### Swim across the Red Sea

Last May, Mr. Michael swam across the Red Sea from the port of Eilat to Aqaba where he was picked up by the Jordanian coast guard patrols. After being ques-tioned, Mr. Michael was told he was welcome to return to Jordan in the future but that the security forces would prefer he entered Jordan through the normal, legal channeis.

The first flag of peace was presented to Mother Teresa of Calcutta and several ceremonial flag raising ceremonies have been. staged in large cities in the United

### Governor chairs meeting to discuss Irbid's rat problem

AMMAN (J.T.) — A meeting was beld in Irbid on Wednesday under the chairmanship of Irbid Governor Mohammad Ali Al Amin to discuss the problem of rats which are breeding in great numbers in the city's western district. Mr. Ali Al Amin said that proper measures are being taken to rid the area of the rats and that crates used in the local

market place and found in the district will be removed because they are breeding grounds for the

The governor urged all public safety committees to coordinate their efforts to eliminate the rodents which, he said, have been caused so much damage to prop-



government borrowing last year was used in capital expenditure instead of investment. "The budget law is systematically being

Money to fers into Jordan. he said, were mostly wasted by the private sector in the purchase of huxury items, the building of palaces and villas, importing gold and jewellery (JD 65 million in 1985), buying cars (JD 60 million) and the import of food products (JD 190 million).

He said the energy bill and luxury items constituted 54 per cent of imports.

"Spending by the private sector on things like education and tourism abroad "is incalculable," he said adding that capital flight the legal or illegal export of fore- free market was more conducive ign exchange was one of the main to a healthy monetary policy. obstacles to the resolution of the

He said that hard and difficult decisions need to be taken, but that "first we should admit there Salem to protest inaccurate fiis a problem and cooperate to gures quoted in the lecture. A solve it on all levels. He said the brief discussion followed the lecpublic should be informed about ture in which several businessmen any steps that may be taken.

"Unemployment, with all its political implications, has reared its ugly head," Dr. Salem said. The problem, he added, was an exacerbated by a surplus of graduates from local and foreign schools. He said that the number of foreign workers in Jordan was five times the number of unemployed Jordanians.

Reading from prepared notes, Dr. Salem listed a number of elements which he said had weakened investors' confidence in the Jordanian economy: a weak treasury suffering from massive imports and declining Arab aid; a decline of Central Bank foreign currency reserves; bad cheques to and from financial institutions and individuals; an average 60 per cent decline in the Amman Financial Market stock value over the last three years and market irregularities; frustration and uncertainties about the political situation and linking Arab economic relations with

political developments. He said that spending should be increased only in two areas agriculture and support for the National Aid Fund. He said that the rigidity in the dinar's exchange rate did not always serve the Jordanian economy and that a

"It is only a question of better Finance Minister Hanna Odeh occasionally interrupted Dr.

**MEMORIAL SERVICE** A memorial service will be held tomorrow afternoon Friday 30 January 1987 at 4:00 p.m., in the church of St. Mary's of Nazareth, Sweitieh, off Sixth Circle, Jabai Amman, in memory of the late deceased, who passed away in Lima, Peru:

LUIS F. MANTILLA
Father of Mrs. Isabel Mantilla Halaby, and fatherin-law of engineer Elie F. Halaby. Friends and relatives are invited to join in the

Condolences will be received at the church following the service.

كن منسسا نزاطوال اليوم .. والطلاوسي



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## Way to stop carnage

HIS MAJESTY King Hussein expressed the feeling of millions of Muslims in his address to the Kuwaiti summit when he urged the leaders to work for an immediate ceasefire in the Iran-Iraq war. The first order of business for the fifth Islamic summit, His Majesty said, must be the imposition of such a ceasefire to be followed by mediation and reconciliation between the two Muslim countries. Interestingly enough, such a call for an immediate ceasefire was echoed by the secretary general of the United Nations, Mr. Perez de Cuellar, who suggested also that such a step may be followed by another procedure to determine the question of who started the war between Iran and Iraq. The fact that the Iranian leadership has responded favourably to the second part of the U.N. secretary general's address to the Islamic summit is a good omen on which the OIC can build and construct the other aspects of the infrastructure for peace in the Gulf. We believe that the blueprint for peace which His Majesty King Hussein has proposed to the Islamic countries in conjunction with the ideas put forward by the secretary general of the U.N. to offer the most practical solution for the war.

His Majesty said it all also for Muslims everywhere when he asked that we silence the guns in the Gulf in order to hear the calls of our first qibla. He cautioned that the calls of Al Aqsa for liberation are smothered by the thundering guns of Iran and Iraq, and that till those guns become silent, the Al Aqsa and the rest of Jerusalem, as well as the rest of the Arab lands, will stay captive with no hope for liberation. Likewise, the bloodletting between browers in Lebanon must end and end quickly, King Hussein said. The bleeding in the Gelf and in Lebanon have developed into marks of infany in the annals of Islam which have exhausted our energies and dispersed our resources, human and material. And, perhaps above all, they have cost us the respect of the international community, which now holds us in contempt on more than one front.

Now it is up to the Islamic summit to articulate the means to put into effect these calls for an immediate ceasefire. This should be followed by other procedures to redress the deeper cause of the conflict. And, the same is needed for Lebanon. The tricky part is to find the mechanism and machinery to translate the calls for a ceasefire into reality. We think that the most effective way to translate our wishes into realities is to have the fifth Islamic summit edont a resolution which would call on or rather request the powers which supply Iran with weapons to halt such shipment forthwith. If the creation of a mechanism to establish responsibility for the beginning of the war is still relevant to Iran, let us have it as well. Such a procedure for mediation and reconciliation could be created within the framework of the OIC or even the permanent members of the U.N. Security Council meeting at the foreign ministers' level. The pressing and urgent issue is to start somewhere. Without starting anew, the carnage among Muslims can only be expected to go on.

### ARABIC PRESS EDITORIALS

### Al Ra'i: King delivers the message

KING Hussein addressed the whole Islamic nation through the summit conference in Kuwait calling for an end to the Iran-Iraq conflict as a first step towards joint action for regaining the rights and the usurped holy shrines of the Islamic world. The King said that putting an end to the war was an inevitable step before Muslims can pool their resources and their vast potentials for the common cause. He said that the Aqsa Mosque is calling out for Muslims for rescue, but that the voice of Al Aqsa is being drowned by the sound of guns and destruction in the Gulf conflict and the civil war in Lebanon. Being affiliated to Islam is sufficient cause for having a purity of heart and good intention, and determination for ending the bloodshed among Muslim brothers, the King said. King Hussein urged the conferene to take speedy measures for a ceasefire along the Iran-Iraq battlefront prior to helping both sides reach a lasting settlement that can safeguard the interests of the Arabs and Iranians alike. An end to the conflict in the Gulf, the King said, will lead to an end of the civil strife in Lebanon and other squabbles within the Islamic world. An end to the Gulf war is the most crucial step that should be taken in the right direction, leading to a total solidarity among Muslims and paving the way for a joint action against the common enemy that continues to occupy Islamic holy places and Arab land. The King has made it clear that the credibility of the Islamic nation is closely linked with such decisions, and that time was running out.

### Al Dustour: King points to the ills

KING Hussein's address to the fifth Islamic summit in Kuwait was a historic document, containing a true diagnosis of the Arab and Islamic situation and pointing to the ailment and guiding the nation towards the remedy. In his speech which was firm, courageous and at the same time reflected agony and bitterness, King Hussein called on Muslims to overcome all present obstacles that continue to separate their countries, and to pool their efforts and join their ranks for the sake of achieving the goals of Islam. The King said that the on-going Gulf coffict was one of the main reasons behind the continued differences and squabbles that have dominated the Islamic world, and that this war remains the most serious challenge to the unity of Islam. The King said that this war should be stopped by all means so that the way can be open for resolving many other problems plaguing the Islamic nation. Ending the Gulf conflict, the King said, would manifest a genuine Islamic solidarity and would mean an elimination of elements of weakness in the Islamic nation.

### Sawt Al Shaab: King urges end to war

KING Hussein's address to the fifth Islamic summit conference in Kuwait was a real call on Muslims to act now and end the tragedy befalling the Arabs and Muslims because of the Gulf conflict. Referring to the daily sufferings of the Arab and Muslim peoples of Iraq and Iran, the King said that the leaders of the Islamic nation should take all possible steps for halting the conflict and the bleeding. He said that such a step was necessary at the moment to avert a total collapse and loss for the Islamic nation. In his address the monarch portrayed before the Muslim leaders a gloomy image of Islamic affairs with differences tearing Islamic countries apart and elements of weakness clearly prevailing. He said the Islamic nation is passing through a very crucial stage which does not allow room for hesitation or further procrastination as to joint action and to solidarity in the face of the threats of destruction and the challenges posed by the common enemies of Islam. In his address the King also presented a comprehensive review of the situation in Lebanon which calls out for help from the Islamic conference. His address did not only point to the ailments but offered a remedy for the ills of the nation.

# Don't we have rights too?

By Dr. Abdel Qader Yassine

The writer is professor of political science at the University of Gothenburg, Sweden, and head of the Middle East section at the university's International Institute of Conflict Studies. He contributed this article to the Jordan Times

THE Oxford English Dictionary defines "legitimate" as "lawful, proper, regular, conforming to standard type, logically admissible." The word "right" it defines as: "just, morally good, required by equity or duty, proper."

As far as the Zionists are concerned "legitimate rights" when applied to the Palestinians become dirty words. Everybody and any body can have "legitimate rights," but not the Palestinians. And the question that a Palestinian, like myself, would ask is: Why on earth should my people be treated differently from any other people, differently from other human beings?

The legitimate rights of the Palestinian people are very simple indeed. They are steeped in history and in the reality of the present day. They are derived from fundamental principles enshrined in the laws of God and of man.

The Palestinians are the direct descendants of a people who have inhabited Palestine since time immemorial. Their ancestors lived in the country when it was shared by a mixture of races, some of whom were Jews. A larger number of those Jews left the country 2,000 years ago to settle in neighbouring countries in Asia and Europe. Fourteen hundred years ago the Arabs came to Palestine to live with those who were there. Four hundred years later the Crusaders came to the country, and some of them settled. But fifty years ago the predominant racial composition of Palestine was Arab. Arabs comprised about nine-tenths of the population when a policy proclaimed by Britain, which had conquered the country in the First World War, sought to introduce, against the wishes of the Arab majority, Jewish settlers from various parts of the world.

The General Assembly of the United Nations decided on Nov. 29, 1947 to partition Palestine between the Arabs and the Jews. The decision was a harsh one for the Palestinian Arabs, since it gave the greater part of the country (and the most fertile) to the Jews who then numbered no more than a third of the total population. The Arabs rejected this decision, and fought against it. In consequence, the Jews took even more land than was allotted to them, and turned large numbers of the Palestinian Arabs into homeless refugees sheltering in neighbouring Arab countries. Since 1967 the Zionist state has occupied, by force of arms, the remainder of Palestine. There is now not a single Palestinian who lives free and independent in his own homeland. They are all either under Israeli rule, in refugee camps in neighbouring Arab countries, or in exile. They are the only people in regard to whom the clock of modern history has been turned back. Everybody goes forward to freedom, independence and self-determination. Everybody - except the Palestinians.

The Palestinians have asked the world in the past to allow them to enjoy these elementary rights which peoples throughout the world have enjoyed or are deemed entitled to enjoy, and there is ample, substantial basis for these claims. In the United Nations Charter, for example, the preamble proclaims, "We the peoples of the United Nations determined ... to reaffirm faith in fundamental human rights, in the dignity and worth of the human person, in the equal rights of men and women and of nations large and small ...' Since no exception is made of the Palestinians, they are asking that this most basic of the basic tenets of the United Nations be applied to them. The United Nations itself in 1947 said there should be a Palestinian state alongside that of the Jews, and although by any standards the United Nations (with its small and unrepresentative membership at the time) was less than generous to the Palestinians in that decision, the Palestinians have said that they will now accept the half loaf instead of their rightful full one. What basis is there for denying them that?

Likewise, several solemn declarations, protocols, conventions and resolutions of the United Nations and of respectable international organisations have repeatedly proclaimed principles which although they did not directly refer to the Palestinians - have accorded recognition and validity to Palestinian claims (e.g. the Universal Declaration of Human Rights of 1948, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights of 1966, the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonised Peoples of 1960, and the International Convention on the Elimination of all Forms of Racial Discrimination of 1963). In 1974 a resolution of the General Assembly of the United Nations (Resolution No. 3236) upheld the "inalienable right" of the Palestinian people to self-determination. The European Economic Community (EEC) in a statement in June 1977 said that the "legitimate rights" of the Palestinians must be respected, and that they must be allowed to give effective expression to their national identity; also that Israel must end the occupation of Palestinian territory which it has

maintained since 1967. By any humanitarian or honourable standards this constitutes massive incontrovertible support for the rights of the Palestinians. But the Palestinians remain a people without a home and without the basic essentials of a civilised existence. And the reason for this is the interminable procrastination and prevarication, as well as the overt and covert pressure and blackmail, which the Israelis and the Zionists have successfully applied against the Big Powers to prevent any positive steps being taken towards the realisation of the rightful aspirations of the Palestinian people.

What are the pretexts or excuses which the Zionists have used to veto the fulfilment of the legitimate rights and aspirations of the Palestinians, and how have they managed to succeed in this?

The panoply of Israeli and Zionist arguments in favour of their continued disregard of Palestinian rights is varied, almost ingenious. They claim that they are entitled to keep the West Bank (the eastern part of Palestine) because it does not belong to the Arabs. They claim that the Jordanian "annexation" of that part of Palestine was illegal, and that the Jordanians do not have rightful sovereignty over that territory. But even if the argument about "annexation" is accepted, and the Jordanians are considered in strict law not to have sovereignty over the West Bank, this does not mean that land belongs to no one (terra nullius) or, more important, that it belongs to the Israelis. The West Bank may not be Jordan's legal domain, but it belongs in law to its own people, to the men, women and children who inhabit it and have inhabited it peacefully and without interruption for many centuries. The West Bank is not a vacuum in law or an empty desert open for acquisition by anybody who cares to grab it by military force. The days of the old colonialism are over, and in the modern law of nations territory and people are not goods and chattels to be taken and disposed of by those who have the power to do so.

The Israelis say they will stay in the West Bank to settle and administer the country, but that they would allow the Palestinians to run some of their own affairs. Important matters like foreign affairs, defence, etc., would continue to be controlled by the Israelis, but the Palestinians can have "self-government" in regard to strictly domestic affairs. In other words, the Palestinians can eat and drink — but important matters about their life and their future will be handled for them by the Israelis. Why, one may ask? The answer can only be that the Palestinians are not fit to govern themselves, and the Israelis are a superior species of human beings. Many decent people would dispute this proposition: The standard of education of the Palestinian people is among the highest in the world, and they do not need the tutelage and patronage of the

Israelis. The Israelis argue that they will not accept the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) as a representative of the Palestinian people in any discussions or negotiations on the future of the West Bank. But the PLO is recognised by the entire Arab Nation (including the Palestinians) and by many states and organisations in the world as the sole legitimate representative of the Palestmian people. The claim by the Israelis that the PLO is a "terrorist" organisation is not accepted by the world community. The liberation struggle of the Palestinians has in fact been less violent than that of many peoples who ultimately attained recognition and respectability. Certainly the PLO has not been guilty of anything like the atrocities and horrors which the Zionists, especially the organisation led by the present Israeli prime minister, have

A significant fact is that the Palestinians have had ample opportunity to indicate their views about the PLO, and there is abundant evidence to show that they support it. If the United Nations has any serious doubt about the status of the PLO as a representative of the Palestinians it should proceed to carry out a referendum. Meanwhile, for the world, including Israel, the PLO is the Palestinians. The Israeli argument is like that of a party in a court of law saying to the judge that the other party should not be represented by a particular lawyer, and insisting that he (the first party) should choose a lawyer for the other side. It would be ridiculous and outrageous to make such an argument in a court of law — and it is no less ridiculous for the Israelis to make it now as regards the Palestinians and the PLO.

One of the arguments put forward by the Israelis is that a Palestinian state would not be economically viable. The fact is, however, that such a state will be more viable than a lot of other fully-fledged states and members of the United Nations. Its economy basically would be more adequate than that of Israel which depends to unhealthy proportions on the USA, to the tune of \$2.5 billion annually. Would the Zionists follow their own logic and on this basis agree to surrender their own independence to someone else, and a poorer one at that? Ridiculous, yes. But why are the Palestinians being asked by the Israelis to do just that?

Yet another objection which the Israeli government has to the establishment of a Palestinian state is that this state would be a threat to the security of Israel. The United Nations and the big powers are more than capable of maintaining the safety and security of Israel. What Israel cannot do, however, is to reject all guarantees, from whatever source, and demand instead that it physically occupy neighbouring territory so that it can secure, by its own direct presence, that its borders are not violated. What would the map of the world look like if every state with fears or hallucinations about any possible threats from a neighbour were to occupy its territory and reduce it to a colony?

Israel now has a chance to regularise and settle the situation in the Middle East, and to establish peace and stability. This is a matter in which the big (and the small powers) have direct and legitimate interest. The Palestinians would trust the judgement of the big powers and the international community in this.

Honesty and courage are precisely what are needed to put an end to the Arab-Israeli conflict, and the Palestinians hope that there would be enough of these qualities in evidence at the proposed international peace conference in which the question of Palestine

Only this will rectify the injustice and alleviate the misery suffered by the Palestinians in the past thirty-eight years, and restore their faith in human kind,

### Arabic dailies

(Continued from page 1)

"The government was convinced with our argument advocating a need for a price in-

A limited survey conducted by the Jordan Times, showed that a number of readers, many of those who now buy the three papers, may be satisfied in buying only two or even one newspaper. This means that the newspaper which is seen as third in line would be hurt the most.

People in the publishing business recently proposed transforming the four-year-old Sawt Al Shaab into an evening paper to help it become more competitive with the well established Al

Ra'i and Ad Dustour. They said the price increase was necessary to enable newspapers maintain and further improve their services to readers and safeguard the interests and benefits of

those working in the business. Asked about his expectations on the public's reaction to an increase in newspaper prices, one publisher said: "This is our main concern, but we hope they will understand."

The Jordan Times is to maintain its current price of 100 fils.

# Leaders do not reach consensus

(Continued from page 1)

Palestine Liberation Organisa-tion (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat. After the meeting well informed sources said that Mr. Abdul Meguid informed the PLO that "nothing has come out from the meeting between Assad and -Mubarak.'

Meanwhile participants at the conference were exerting last minute and intensive efforts to come out with practical steps that will contribute to an end to the Gulf war and the camps war between the Palestinians and the Shi'ite Amal militiamen in Lebanon.

The participants have so far failed in forming a delegation that

will be designated to visit Tehran and Baghdad in "final attempt" to mediate a peaceful and a countries were against the idea of negotiated settlement between the two countries.

here expressed the view that the interested any longer in the work conference has failed and reached a dead end regarding efforts to end the war. That was it, we could not do anything to bring both parties close together," a senior Arab official said.

But other officials were still optimistic that Tehran would agree to receive the delegation. Contacts with Tehran were going on until late hours on Wednesday to urge the Iranian leaders to

According to well-informed sources some Islamic and Arab dissolving the goodwill Islamic committee. But a senior Iraqi A number of Arab officials official here said Iraq was not

of the committee In an attempt to reconcile the two views some members suggested the restructuring of the committee. Algeria is considered as the best candidate to head the new committee, although the Iraqi official did not welcome the

Arab officials here expected Iraq to launch a large scale counter offensive against fran imagree to receive the delegation. mediately after the summit.

## King Fahd renews plea to end Iran-Iraq war (Continued from page 1)

KUWAIT (R) - King Fahd of had responded to these efforts. Saudi Arabia appealed to Iran in an interview published Wednesday to stop its suicidal war with neighbouring Iran

neighbouring Iraq.
The war has wounded the heart of the Islamic community... We do not see a single reason for its start or continuation," he told the Kuwaiti daily Al Rai Al Aam. "Islamic countries and the United Nations have done all they could to stop the suicidal war,"

The Saudi monarch said Irac of humanity bloodshed."

King Fahd, one of the principal backers of Iraq, added: "We renew our sincere plea to the Iranian leadership to seize the opportunity of the Islamic gathering here to reconsider their position for an understanding that guarantees peace to both the Muslim peoples."

# U.K. ready to talk to radicals

(Continued from page 1) more news,' I just wish I had,"

Mrs. Thatcher said. Meanwhile a pro-Iranian Shi'ite Muslim leader declared support for the kidnapping of foreigners. "I support acts of kidnapping against spies and (intelligence) agents," said Hussein Moussawi,

Moussawi's remarks were broadcast by the Voice of the

eader of the pro-Iranian Islamic

Oppressed radio, which is controlled by the pro-Iranian Hezbollah, or Party of God. The station is based in the Syrianpoliced Bekaa Valley and the broadcast was monitored by local reporters in the area.

In Beirut newspaper said Wednesday guarantees have been given about the safety of Mr.

Guarantees about his safety were given to a Lebanese Shi'ite Muslim doctor and former nappers," it said.

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cabinet minister who has been acting as an intermediary between Mr. Waite and the kidnappers of U.S. hostages, the independent An Nahar newspaper

It quoted a source close to the unnamed doctor as saying the kidnappers had no intention of holding Mr. Waite. His case was being worked on slowly "to avert any imprudent action by the kid-

### Assad, Gemayel pledge renewed efforts for peace (Continued from page 1)

KUWAIT (R) — The leaders of Lebanon and Syria pledged Wednesday to work together in renewed efforts to end the 11year-old Lebanese civil war. Syrian President Hafez Al Assad told reporters after a 55-

minute meeting with Lebanese President Amin Gemayel, their first in a year: "We will multiply our efforts to overcome the Lebanese-Syrian difficulties.

Mr. Gemayel, in a speech to the Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC) summit here, praised Mr. Assad for "extending a helping hand."

"Both of us have increased our efforts recently to pull Lebanon out of its troubles," he said. The two leaders have been at odds since Mr. Gemayel rejected a Syrian-brokered peace pact between Lebanese Falangists and the opposition militias a year ago.





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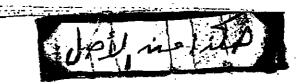
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# Jessica Lange gives students rare off-screen performance

LOS ANGELES - Oscar-winning actress Jessica Lange recently shook off her role as one of Hollywood's most private stars to take on 1,500 potential inter-

For an hour this month she stood on stage in a ballroom jammed with students at the University of California, Los Angeles, answering questions that touched on her sensuality, technique, philosophy, future plans as an actress and producer, and live-in relationship with playwright/actor Sam Shepard and her two daughters.

Lange, 37, earned her fourth consecutive Academy Award nomination for the 1985 film "Sweet Dreams," in which she portrayed the late country singer Patsy Cline. She won her Oscar in 1982 as best supporting actress in "Tootsie."

Her career got off to a sputter-ing start — after years of training as a mime in Paris and studying acting in New York — with a somewhat embarrassing profes-sional debut that had her wriggling and screaming in the paw of King Kong."

"It's not my favourite role."

she said of "Kong," during the session with students. But she added: "Whatever you've done in the past, sooner or later you kind of take responsibility for it. So it's not as though I'm denying that it was something that I did."

She did not work for more than two years after that film, concentrating instead on the technical aspects of acting. She credits that technique with her subsequent success, but discovered a new dimension to her work through Sweet Dreams."

"It was like a breakthrough kind of way of working for me, because up until that time I had always believed that artists had to be almost painfully private, you know, intensely private about their work, and introspective,"

"I had always worked on a closed set. I never let anyone observe. During any kind of real emotional scene I'd have the set cleared. I couldn't work if there was anybody in my eye line."

To make the hip-synchronising to Cline's records perfect, she rehearsed to tapes constantly and did as many as 12 to 15 takes, feeling as if she were opening up and blossoming into a quite different person. Currently co-starring with Sissy



Jessica Lange as the singer Patsy Cline

Spacek and Diane Keaton in Crimes of the Heart," Lange

singer benefited from her new said her role as a failed nightchub "It was so liberating for me to of actress Frances Farmer, for

actually perform, to kind of jump that hurdle in my work, that I think it's changed the way I perceive acting now."

Lange, who grew up in rural Minnesota and had a failed marriage to a poet after graduating from college, said her daughters - five-year-old Alexandra, by dancer Mikhail Baryshnikov, and one-year-old Hannah, by Shepard - had also helped her to become a better actress.

"I think something happens when you have a child, something opens in your heart that had never quite been touched before. And I think, especially for an actor, anytime you can open up and become totally vulnerable and work out of a real state of love, that's when you're doing your best work," she said.

In "Crimes of the Heart" — a quirky comedy directed by Australian Bruce Beresford Lange and Shepard, a Pulitzer prize-winning playwright, worked together for the third time.

They co-starred in "Country," about a midwestern family trying to hold onto a farm foreclosed by a bank, for which Lange received another Oscar nomination. Shepard had a small role in "Frances," based on troubled life

which Lange also was nominated. Among leading men, however, Lange reserved the highest praise for Jack Nicholson, her co-star in the remake of "The Postman Always Rings Twice." That film marked the real start of her

career, she said, following a striking but decorative role as the angel of death in Bob Fosse's "All That Jazz."

"He's a very interesting actor to work with in that he's absolutely supportive and totally generous with his time and his energy, Lange said. "He has a great energy and it kind of fills the space around him. It's like being in the sunlight."

Lange, who last summer signed three-year agreement with Universal Pictures for development of films by her production company, hopes someday to make a film of Jayne Ann Phillips' family novel "Machine Dreams."

She said she was also considering a project about Dian Fossey, an American naturalist who spent the last 18 years of her life studying the rare mountain gorilla in the central African nation of Rwanda.

Fossey, 53, was hacked to death in her cabin at her remote research centre in December

### Randa Habibis

# A thing of beauty is a gift forever

AS a child I was told that when the sun sets, if one kept on looking at the disappearing ball of the sun until it sank away, one could make a wish, and his or her wish might just come true.

Last week, I stopped my car on a hill top where I could have a really good view of the sunset, and then I wished - very, very hard. I wished that the next morning, when I went to my office. I would find everything as it was a few months ago.

My office is at Jabal Amman's Second Circle. You remember that circle with colourful flowers, and comfortable benches. But, sadly, instead of colours these days one sees a stone wheel and an ugly kind of pyramid meant to be used as a water fall. Trees and flowers were, of course, chopped down to provide space for this monument - a gift from the Jordan Chamber of Industry. The wheel I was told represents industrial development in Jordan. Someone whispered to me that the flowers and trees, chopped away, represent agricultural development. One would suggest anyhow that such a wheel's proper place would have been in Zarqa or in the industrial city of Sahab.

But, a gift. I suppose should be displayed for everyone to see and enjoy. That is why Amman was chosen, and the Second Circle thus

The cost of this "beautification" process, I learnt, was impressive. The municipality, however, defends itself by saying that it did not pay a penny, as it was the Chamber of Industry which footed the bill. However, many people argue that such money could have been used for a more useful project, one from which the people could have benefitted.

Anyhow, I know it is too late now and my wishes won't come true. Next time when watching the sun, I know for what to wish. I'll wish that whenever a project like this is planned, people would be consulted over it. After all, it is their city and their neighbourhood that will bear the mark, beautiful or not.

### New York exhibit focuses on Van Gogh's final months

By Mary Powers Reuter

NEW YORK - Paintings reflecting the last turbulent months in the life of Dutch artist Vincent van Gogh, who shot himself in 1890 at the age of 37, are drawing crowds to an exhibit at New York's Metropolitan Museum of Art.

A sequel to the 1984 exhibit "Van Gogh in Arles" at the MET, the show offers a loose chronology of the painter's works from his voluntary commitment to an insane asylum in St. Remy in southern France in May 1889 until his suicide in the northern town of Auvers on July 27, 1890.

Van Gogh's death, said his brother Theo, brought him "the rest he could not find on earth." His emotional turmoil during his last 15 months has been studied extensively and popularised in novels, on screen,

even in song. Yet the exhibit, which includes "The Starry Night," and "Cypresses," attempts to dispel what guest curator Ronald Pickvance describes as "the myth of the mad genius," presenting van Gogh's final months as a highly focused and prolific period. on his brief artistic career.

"Whatever the illness may have been ...," Pickvance writes in the catalogue, "it did not directly affect his work.

"His paintings are neither graphs of his so-called madness nor primary indicators of his mental state. Between his breakdowns at the asylum he had long periods of absolute lucidity when he was completely master of himself and his art."

Pickvance supports his argument with scrutiny of the period as chronicled in van Gogh's letters to his beloved brother Theo and to artist friends in which he included detailed descriptions of his works, including his use of

The curator said he selected the 89 works in "van Gogh in St. Remy and Auvers" in an attempt to reflect van Gogh's own categorisations.

made up of defined groups. On display are several of a series of about a dozen paintings of olive trees, in which he endeavoured to catch what he described in a letter as the contrasting effect in the foliage, changing with the hues of the

There are also varied

asylum garden and views of fields and mountains near the asylum.

During the last 70 days of his life, at Auvers, the artist explored a new format, the double square. All but two of the 13 paintings done in that manner are included in the show. One of them, "Crows over the Wheat Field," has been the

subject of much interpretation because of the ominous sky and the crows which seem to be flying towards the artist-spectator, creating what some say is a sense of trapped enclosure. But Pickvance differs with those

critics and art historians who say the work was a sign of van Gogh's torment. "It has been interpreted as

Christian iconography from crucifixion to the last judgment as an image of cosmic chaos projected through van Gogh's The emphasis, he said, is on seeing the artist's work as an entity inner torment as a psychic graph of his imminent suicide, Pickvance writes. "Many of these interpretations

are linked to the assumption that it was van Gogh's last painting. But this has not been established." the University of Massachusetts,

said the exaggerated features in

some of van Gogh's portraits of

the period and other aberrations were consciously introduced by the artist and were not signs of his mental instability as some critics have put forward.

He too has long maintained that van Gogh was stable for much of the 15 months, but he noted that some paintings with more disorderly brushwork, cited by some critics as a sign of the artist's instability, were not included in What is demonstrated clearly

through the exhibit and van Gogh's letters is how the artist boldly used at times violent but harmonious colour and impetuous brushwork to convey emotions about his surroundings and people in his life. Van Gogh once wrote to Theo:

Really we can only speak through our paintings. In my own paintings I am risking my life and balf my reason has been lost in it." Most criticis have praised the exhibit, which will be on view until March 22, with adjectives like "powerful," "impressive," and

'triumphant.'' Many of the paintings on display, borrowed from museums Mark Roskill, an arthistorian at around the world, are enhanced by their presentation as part of the whole, art historians and critics



'Sunflowers,' one of Van Gogh's most famous paintings in modern art, will be put on sale March 30, the famous auction house

# 'Biblical Moses may have been several men

By Bernard Edinger Reuter

JERUSALEM — The Prophet Moses may have been several men, one of them a master conjurer, according to an Italian located Biblical Mount Sinai a long way from the mountain which now bears that name.

Professor Emmanuel Anati says Moses ("son" in ancient Egyptian) was probably the name of a dynasty of charismatic leaders who led the ancient Hebrews in their exodus from Egypt at least 3,300 years ago.

Anati told Reuters he believed that for about 400 years a series of men called Moses led the Jews and one of these leaders might have been a magician who used showmanship and pyrotechnics to impress the primitive, quarrelsome tribesmen and persuade for the platforms, one is irresistthem to follow him to the "promised land".

Anati, head of a centre for prehistoric research hear Milan, said he first hit on the theory after discovering huge man-made platforms on a mountain in a barren area of the southern Negev de-

could have presented as signals rational explanations for virtually from God, sending pillars of all the other events of exodus, smoke towering into the sky.

In the Bible the book of Exodus (24:17) says: "And the sight of the glory of the Lord was like devouring fire on the top of the mount in the eyes of the children of Israel.'

Popular tradition long identified Mount Sinai as the towering Jebel Musa (Moses's mountain), 125 miles southwest of Har Kar-

kom in Egypt's southern Sinai peninsula. Most scientists now agree the Biblical mount was probably well to the north of Jebel Musa. Anati plans to lead an expedi-

tion to the Negev desert next archaeologist who claims to have month focusing on Moses. He visits the area twice a year. Other archaeologists have

different theories and the Bible gives no precise location for the holy mountain where God is said to have given Moses the ten commandments. "I am not drawing final conclu-

sions about the platforms. But imagine the reaction of Bronze Age nomads told to assemble before a forbidden mountain and await an extraordinary event it huge flames and smoke suddenly billow in the sky from behind, Anati said. "Since we have no explanation

ibly drawn to the book of Exodus. It says: 'And Mount Sinai was wrapped in smoke, because the Lord descended upon it in fire and the smoke of it went up like the smoke of a kiln... Anati says insiders, sworn to

secrecy, might have lit fires at a predetermined time when the rest He said the platforms were of the population was assembled.

including the crossing of the Red Sea," said Anati.
"I agree with those colleagues

who suspect the 'parting of the waters' was the result of the knowledge by the figure known as Moses of the tide hours at Bardawil lagoon on the north Sinai coast," he says. "Which Moses was involved in which incident is yet to be established.'

# Japanese team enters high-tech quest for pyramid's secrets

By Mimi Mann The Associated Press

CAIRO, Egypt — Japan entered an undeclared race against France on Jan. 25 to discover secrets that the great pyramid of Cheops has kept hidden for 4,600

Dr. Ahmed Kadry, chairman of the Egyptian antiquities orga-nisation, announced the start of the effort by a team from Tokyo's Waseda University to find passages and holes deep inside Cheops pyramid.

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A French-Egyptian effort that found evidence of previously undetected chambers last year is expected to return to the pyramid this week for more tests. Cheops, which covers more than 13 acres, is thought to contain 2.3 million limestone blocks weighing 2.5 tonnes each.

Of particular interest is a narrow corridor leading to the queen's chamber, where last September the French team bore three small holes into a limestone block in an abortive attempt to locate a hidden room.

projects.

Like the French, the Japanese team will survey in addition to the pyramid the area around the Sphinx, at the foot of Giza plateau

The three pyramids atop the plateau and the Sphinx remain among the world's best-known puzzles, with very little scientific knowledge and few clues from the past to explain them. "Scientific research on Giza

plateau is open to the whole world with application of high technology by friendly centres of higher learning," antiquities chairman Kadry, who heads all archaelogical efforts in Egypt, told a news conference. "After the French effort we found many countries became interested in joining the effort to find unknowns in Cheops.

"What we are doing is gather-ing more complete data (and) information concerning cavities already attested by the French. ... We are after the detection of any

The Japanese and French secrets in the pyramid's interior monitor a fetus inside the womb. given both to Egyptian antiquities 200 new readings with their interest and to the French struments before deciding how technology equipment in their religious, archaeological and Tonouchi said that in some team, headed by Jacques Montlubest to proceed. architectural aspects.

"The pyramids in general and the great pyramid of Cheops in particular remain enigmas." Geophysics professor Dr. Shoti Tonouchi, the Japanese group's

spokesman, said his countrymen have done archaeological work in Egypt for 20 years, surveying — among other things — mummies. "We feel by using the same technology on Cheops that we used to X-ray the internal organs

of munmies, we can locate any passages or cavities hidden from view," he said. "We have been using the same instruments we will use here for three years in Japan to detect underground monuments, and we

found tombs." Japanese technicians demonstrated at the news conference the Koden electromagnetic instrument. About the size of a microwave oven, it works on the same

archaeological applications the instrument is so accurate it not only can detect cavities but also can find objects hidden inside the

"If we find chambers, then we can at the same time determine if there are any statues or objects in the chambers," he said. The French method was unable to determine whether objects were inside the cavities detected.

Tonouchi and another team leader, archaeology professor Sakuji Yoshimura, said they don't expect to be able to begin readings inside the pyramid for several days, but Tonouchi said the entire project will be finished. within 10 days.

have (discovered) previously un-Unlike the French equipment, which gives readings that require computer analysis, the Japanese gear yields information on the spot. Nevertheless, Tonouchi said the findings will be analysed

further in Japan. Preliminary results will be

Antiquities head Kadry said the French team will take about purposes.

Foreign Ministry.

con of the French Electricity "Our methods are quick, exact, sure," Tonouchi said. "We're not treasure hunters. Board, which co-sponsored the earlier effort with the French We're surveying Cheops for archaeological and architectural



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### making first film in five years Liza Minnelli she realises someone wants to kill

By Philip Pullella Reuter

ROME — Liza Minnelli walked into her wood-panelled trailer dressing room outside the villa where she is making her first film in five years and threw off a thick fur coat to reveal a blue Chicago Bears football sweatshirt.

"Ahhh, it's cold out there," she said, hugging herself. She lit a cigarette and dispatched aides — she calls them all "sweetheart" to fetch coffee and boots to warm

After tackling a drug and alcohol problem two years ago and a period of intensive activity on the stage and television, Minnelli, 40, is returning to the big screen. And she wants people to know that she is again fully in charge of her personal and professional

In the film "Rent a Cop," which has been shooting in Chicago and in a villa in the Roman countryside, she plays a Chicago prostitute who seeks the protection of a former policeman played by Burt Reynolds - when

In an interview with Reuters, Minnelli, as effervescent off the set as she is on, spoke about her past problems, her parents — Judy Garland and Vincente Minnelfi - and her plans for the

In the 25 years since she made her professional debut, Minnelli has excelled as a singer, dancer and actress, winning an Oscar for her performance in the film "Cabaret" in 1972 and a Tony Award for the Broadway musical "The Act" in 1978.

But in 1984 she entered the Betty Ford Centre in California for treatment for alcohol problems and dependency on tranquillizers. The episode evoked comparisons with her mother, who was plagued by addiction to pills for much of her life.

"Everybody I know, including

myself, gets into trouble ... when

you dole out too much credit to public opinion, when your sense

of self gets blurry, when you feel that what people think is more

important than how you feel,"

she said.
"That's when it's dangerous and that's an easy thing to happen — to me, to a housewife. That's when you worry about getting enough sleep so you take a sleeping pill, when other people think you're overweight so you take a diet pill ... and then you find yourself in a rehab (rehabilitation

Minnelli took a long drag on her agarette and continued,
"One of the hardest things for me to learn was to say no. It was very difficult because I wanted everybody to think I was perfect."

Now confident again that she can handle the whirlwind of activity that has characterised her career, she spoke enthusiastically about her plans for the future. "Now I feel so good and ready to move into all kinds of different

things," she said. A child of showbusiness, she oozed with pride when she spoke of a tributé she will be making about her late father, director Vincente Minnelli, for American television called "Minnelli on

"It's a real special look at this career, which was vast. It's a very personal viewpoint of what he did," she said, adding that she felt more comfortable doing a show about her father than about her mother because she had spent more time with him as a child.

"My father always made me very proud of the fact that I was a woman. I never wanted to be anything but a woman. He gave me a certain pride in my status and taught me there is nothing a woman can't do."

"I think that's one of the greatest gifts he gave me," Minnelli said. "He gave me my She is also planning a three-

week, one-woman show at New York's Carnegie Hall which she said will be the longest oneperson performance ever held

She is also keeping an ear open for another musical film role to match "Cabaret" and "New York, New York" - both perfect showcases for her array of ta-

# Decision time for English soccer

LONDON (AP) — English pro-fessional soccer clubs vote on Thursday whether to halt the spread of artificial playing surfaces, an increasingly contentious issue that has brought heated debate from players and managers alike.

While other sports have welcomed the plastic revolution, soccer administrators are agonising over a decision that critics say could change the game's course in a country known as the cradle of SOCCET.

Opponents of artificial surfaces, including England's 1966 World Cup hero Bobby Charlton, say Thursday's vote by the 92 English League clubs could have a significant bearing on this country's standing in world soccer.

But supporters of plastic pitches say the switch over from natural grass is inevitable and that soccer is falling behind the times.

Charlton, who became a manager when his playing days were over and now works as a soccer analyst, claims that the governing bodies of the sport in Europe and the world, UEFA and FIFA, are against artificial surfaces.

Widespread acceptance of plastic pitches by the country's clubs, Charlton argues, could end England's chances of staging another World Cup finals tournament or the European Championship.

"The rest of the world still clooks our way for a lead in football (soccer)," Chariton was quoted as saying in the tabloid

"But plastic pitches would make us outcasts, for there is no suggestion that FIFA or UEFA would ever sanction artificial sur-

Supporters of artificial surfaces in England say they are the only answer to the fickle British weather, which annually causes a backlog of postponed games.

LOS ANGELES (R) — Ilie Nas-

tase, the volatile Romanian ten-

nis player who delighted fans for

over a decade, has criticised to-

day's young tennis players as lazy

for the money," Nastase, 40, told

reporters after losing a friendly

match Monday night 6-4, 6-2 to

"The kids today are not in love with the game" said the ori-

ginal bad boy of tennis, who

earned the nickname "Nasty" for

his tantrums and playful antics

to play in 14 tournaments a year.

"They complain about having

American Vitas Gerulaitis.

with fans and officials.

"The players today are just in it

'Nasty' Nastase slams

young tennis stars

soccer clubs straining to stay in business could generate important income by allowing their fields to be used for a variety of other sports and entertainments, without damaging the playing

from grass, said Andy William-

son, spokesman for the Football

League.
Those ten already have out-

line planning permission to put

down an artificial surface," Wil-

liamson told the Associated

With so many clubs waiting for

permission to install artificial

ourf, Charlton wants action now.

England being ostracised by the

rest of the world, he believes that

plastic pitches severely restrict

"The ball flies around so quick-

ly and the lottery element takes

over. The long boot upfield be-

comes a logical tactical ploy," he

Visiting teams, Charlton main-

tains, will have no alternative

than to defend and hope for a tie.

Luton for a league match this

season and lost 4-1 after adopting

an attacking ploy on the unfamil-iar surface. When the Merseyside

team returned for a cup game, it concentrated on safety-first tac-

tics and came away with a 0-0 tie.

turf point to its consistency of

grip under-foot, critics counter

with a growing list of injuries.

port burn marks caused by diving

and tackling, while the extra grip

The number of injuries detract

from the popularity of artificial

turf in the U.S. gridiron game.

faces against 11 natural grass

fields. But the players' union is

injury potential and hopes to deal

with the problem in its next nego-

tiations with the league starting

McEnroe beats

exhibition match

PORTLAND, Oregon (AP) — John McEnroe relied on a strong

game at the net Tuesday night to

defeat Mats Wilander 6-4, 6-4, in

a Davis Cup-style exhibition be-

tween the United States and

McEnroe, ranked 14th by the

Association of Tennis Profession-

als, said he was regaining his past

"I think I made some positive

McEnroe returned to the pro-

fessional tour last August after

taking 6 months away from tennis

McEnroe said he plans to play

Wilander, ranked third by the

ATP, is in the early stages of a return to the tour after his mar-

He said he thought the layoff

had hurt his game in the short

run, but he predicted it would

improve over the long term.

to devote to his family.

riage earlier this month.

Open this year.

steps and I'm going in the right direction," McEnroe said.

Wilander in

The NFL has 16 artificial sur-

knee and ankle injuries.

Goalkeepers and defenders re-

While supporters of artificial

Champion Liverpool visited

the skill factor.

Apart from the prospect of

Among the sports that are moving away from natural grass in Britain are field hockey and

The number of artificial field hockey surfaces has risen to over 100 and the performances of domestic teams has improved significantly as a result of playing on plastic.

A proposed change of surface for the Australian Open tennis championships would leave Wimbledon as the only Grand Slam event still played on grass. But even in Britain, the number of artificial tennis courts has grown rapidly.

Despite pressure in Britain for more artificial soccer fields, an Associated Press survey showed that few other European soccer powers were in a hurry to install

Although several Swedish Second and Third Division teams use artificial turf, the rest of Europe remains faithful to grass.

Many countries close down their soccer programmes in mid-Winter to avoid the worst weather, while England's congested season ploughs on through the mud and snow.

The four English clubs with artificial surfaces are Queens Park Rangers and Luton Town of the First Division, Oldham Athletic of the Second and Preston North End of the Fourth

Thursday's proposal by First anti-plastic because of the high Division West Ham United is to ban any more similar artificial surfaces for at least three years. If it fails, 10 more clubs are waiting next month.

Players on the circuit are re-

quired by the men's Professional

Tennis Council to play in at least 14

tournaments a year. Officials want

to increase the number to 16, a

move some of the top players have

Nastase said today's top play-

These guys make millions, but

Players should be signed to

you never see a big name in a small tournament," Nastase said.

contracts by the tournaments and

paid up front so they have to play

certain events. Twenty tourna-

ments a year would be fair."

ers only enter the big money

25 or more," he said.

protested.

# **SPORTS IN BRIEF**

### West Ham, Tottenham face replay

LONDON (R) - Ace marksmen Clive Allen of Tottenham and Tony Cottee of West Ham boosted their scoring tally in Tuesday's drawn English League Cup quarter-final between the London neighbours. Allen's 29th goal of the season gave Tottenham a 38th minute lead but Cottee was on target for the 23rd time minutes into the second half and forced a replay at Tottenham on Monday. The winners face Arsenal over two legs in the semifinals. Southampton needed a 63rd minute penalty by Colin Clarke to sink Second Division Shrewsbury and set up a last-four date with Liverpool.

### Australia crushes West Indies

SYDNEY, Australia (AP) - Australia beat the West Indies by 36 runs in the World Series Cup game at the Sydney Cricket Ground Wednesday. Chasing a target of 195 off 50 overs, the West Indies was dismissed for 158 with 3.5 overs to spare. Viv Richards played a virtual lone hand in the West Indies innings, making 70 from 96 balls with nine boundaries. But when the Windies captain was out with the total at six for 114 in the 38th over, Australia O'Donnell won the man of the match award for his outstanding bowling performance of four for 19 from 10

### Egypt's Zamalek stays on top

CAIRO (R) - African Champion Zamalek stayed top of the Egyptian soccer league with a 2-0 win over Ittihad of Alexandria Tuesday night. It was the Cairo club's second win in two weeks, taking its points' tally to 27, four ahead of city rival National. Zamalek beat National, three-time winners of the African Cup Winners' Cup, 1-0 last week.

# when turning leads to nagging Figure skating champion knee and ankle injuries. criticises Soviet training

three times Olympic pairs figure skating champion, attacked Soviet training methods for turning young athletes into "mechanical soldiers."

Her comments Tuesday in the newspaper Sotsialisticheskaya Industriya came amid growing criticism in the official press of Soviet training methods despite sporting achievements which would delight most nations.

Rodnina, 37, who dominated pairs skating during the 1970s before becoming a coach, said a mania for records and success had taken all the joy out of Soviet

"Leading sportsmen used to be moral figures. Now they are often called obedient mechanical soldiers who perform certain complicated movements better than the rest. The public is not interested in such sportsmen," said

Rodnina, winner of 10 successive world and European titles, said "record-mania" had led to a lowering of the age of sports stars and criticised coaches for putting success before athletes' health. We have turned sport

difficult, monotonous labour. We into sports schools for special push performers who are still training at a young age. children into all kinds of competitions fraught with serious year's upgrading of the state mental traumas and physical insports committee to the equivamental traumas and physical in-

champions who mount the pedestal today only to disappear with-

MOSCOW (R) - Irina Rodnina, out trace ... I think the time has come to limit (the age of competi-

tors in) major sports. Rodnina, one of the most respected Soviet sportswomen, appeared to aim her criticisms at sports, though her comments were based on her experiences in figure skating where performers can reach the top early.

Gymnastics have also been dominated for many years by girls in their early teens, many of them from the East Bloc.

Few world sports bodies impose age limits on competitors, although young tennis professionals can play only a limited number of tournaments a year following recurring injuries to teenage stars such as former U.S. Open champion Tracy Austin.

Rodnina's comments came after a string of articles in the official press criticising a number of sports, particularly team' up to expectations after decades of international success.

Sports writers have said the only way to halt the slump in standards is to restructure training methods which have seen the

The criticism also follows last juries." she said. lent of ministerial status,
"I am against 15-year-old apparently in a bid to improve standards for the 1988 Seoul Olympics.

# Anti-smoking advocates bristle at new British tobacco advertising regulations

By Robert Millward The Associated Press

LONDON (AP) - Recent moves to reduce tobacco companies' sponsorship of sports in Britain were labelled smokescreen by the anti-smoking

An agreement was announced between the government and the tobacco industry to curb sponsorship and cigarette advertising at sports events.

But while the tobacco companies said the cutbacks reflected their "responsible" attitude toward advertising their products, critics said the agreement gave the companies a license to encourage people to smoke.

The agreement runs through October 1989 and incorporates four major points:

- The tobacco companies agreed to a 10 per cent cut on overall spending on sports spon-

— They will not sponsor events which are designed mainly to appeal to spectators under 18

- The size of health warnings on signs at televised events will be increased 50 per cent;

- There will be tighter controls on the placing of advertising

signs at televised events.
Under the agreement, a moni-

companies stick to their pledges. The British tobacco industry is estimated to spend between £8-10 million (\$12-15 million) on sponsorship of sports events such as cricket, snooker, Grand Prix anto racing, rugby and darts.

In last year's budget it slapped seven per cent increase on cigarette tax and Sports Minister Richard Tracey was told by the conservative government to seek an agreement with the tobacco companies to reduce sponsorship and advertising.

Clive Turner, spokesman for the Tobacco Advisory Council, which represents the companies, said the agreement reflected their "responsible" approach towards advertising their products.

Obviously we don't welcome these measures because they further restrict our advertising freedom. But we have to learn to live with them," he said.

But the long-awaited agreement was slammed by the anti-

smoking side. The British Medical Association, which represents two-thirds of the nation's 100,000 doctors. said it was "a license to allow tobacco companies to continue to encourage millions of people to

In a statement, the BMA said Under the agreement, a monitive companies' pledge not to toring committee also will be set sponsor events designed to up to make sure the tobacco appeal mainly to youngsters was

smoking"

ignore the health hazards of

"The industry is free to continue to sponsor sporting events watched by millions of children as well as adults, thereby linking a product which causes 100,000 premature U.K. (United Kingdom) deaths every year with giamour. heroes, fitness and with being adult," the medical association

David Player, director general of the Health Education Council a government-appointed health watchdog, was quoted in press reports as saying it was "obscene" that the tobacco industry should continue to be associated with the health and fitness of the population.

The Sports Council, which funds and oversees most amateur sport in Britain, welcomed the new restrictions.

Two-time Olympic middle-distance track champion Sebastian Coe, in his role as vice-chairman of the Sports Council, was quoted as saying: "We believe the tobacco industry is an inappropriate sponsor.

Coe also welcomed separate moves by Britain's two major television organisations, the British Broadcasting Corporaton and the Independent Broadcasting Authority, to reduce the tobacco sponsors' TV exposure by steering their camera lenses clear of the adverts and avoiding shots of

# Americans revolt against British again

LONDON (AP) - A threat of an American-led revolt in the Oxford University rowing squad is hampering preparations for this year's Oxford-Cambridge boat race, one of Britain's most venerable sporting institutions, officials said Tuesday.

The row over who should be included in the Oxford boat, and in what position, could result in some of the university's highcalibre crew being replaced by less experienced men for the March 28 race.

"There is a disagreement over selection, that's all I can say at the moment," said Dan Topolski, the Oxford head coach.

"Selection is a stage of boat race training which is always difficult. Sometimes arguments get into the newspapers, sometimes "This one has and it's obvious-

ly hampering morale. But very to choose the squad," Topolski often, when these situations are sorted out, the batteries recharge very fast," Topolski told the Associated Press.

rebellion centres around the posi- for having too much talent availtion Chris Clark, a 27-year-old American post-graduate who rowed in Oxford's 1986 boat race crew, the first to lose to Cam-

bridge in 11 years. When Clark was dropped from this year's provisional eight in favour of the Oxford Boat Club President Donald MacDonald, who also rowed last year, four

**FURNISHED FLATS** 

other Americans in the squad threatened to quit unless their countryman was reinstated, the papers said.

Clark reportedly did most of the recruiting for the other Americans, all world or Olympic cham-

The rebellion by Chris Huntington. Chris Penny, Dan Lyons and Coxswain Jonathan Fish led to a series of meetings, the latest of which, on Monday, resulted in a training session on the River Thames being cancelled.

Traditionally, crew selection for the 6.8-kilometre race along a west London stretch of the Thames is left to the university presidents and their coaches. Topolski said Oxford carsmen were refusing to abide by that custom, delaying selection.

"It is the right of the president who is elected, and his coaches,. said. "The way the boat race is

set up is the right way, and needs to be defended. "I suppose all this is the price British press reports said the we pay for losing for once, and

able this year. Asked whether he thought the newspaper as saying.

from the race. Topolski replied: "That's very possible. I really don't know what to expect." Another Oxford coach, Mike

Spracklen, said the dispute was not confined to the Americans. "It appears that the Americans are leading," Spracklen told The Times of London. "But there are

other members of the squad who

are not happy with the selection.

The great worry is that the majority of the crew will pull out." The race sponsors said in a statement: "We are obviously keen to see the Oxford camp sort itself out to ensure a happy and balanced crew lines up against

Cambridge on March 28. They added: "This episode only goes to show how much the boat race means to every parsman ... and the passions behind

Officials at Cambridge reportedly were watching their opponents' dissension with interest. "When you recruit a crew of mercenaries, you can expect to see some pirates," the Cambridge chief coach. Alan luns, was quoted by The Independent

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### THE HASHEMITE KINGDOM OF JORDAN IRBID DISTRICT ELECTRICITY CO. LTD. **IRBID INDUSTRIAL ESTATE 33/11 KV** SUBSTATION TENDER NO. 25123/01 EXTENSION FOR CLOSING DATE

The Irbid District Electricity Company Ltd. (IDECO) announces that the closing date for the above tender has been extended to 12.00 hours on 16th February 1987 instead of 2nd February 1987.

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The American Embassy is updating its registry of American citizens living in Jordan.

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Please bear in mind that the Embassy will be better able to assist you, should the need arise, if you are properly

The American Embassy is located between Second and Third Circle. The telephone number is 644371 ext. 230. The Consular Section is open Sunday through Thursday 8:00 a.m. - 4:00 p.m.

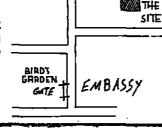
IN SHMEISANI NEAR BIRD'S GARDEN IN ALSSARAYA BUILDING

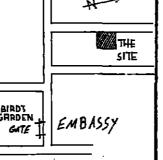
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وزارة الاشغال العامة دائرة العطاءات الحكومية MINISTRY OF PUBLIC WORKS GOVERNMENT TENDERS DIRECTORATE

Addendum (1) Subject: Central Tenders No. (11/87, 12/87) **AQABA BACK-ROAD PROJECT** 

1. The deadline for obtaining documents in Amman is Feb. 14th 1987. 2. The tenders shall be submitted to the Government

Tender Directorate in Amman on Sat. Feb. 28th, **Deputy of Director of Government** 

GOVERNMENT TENDERS DIRECTORATE

### Addendum to Invitation to Tender **Health Centres in Irbid & Mafrag** Central Tender No. 9/86

وزارة الاشغال العامة

دائرة العطاءات الحكومية

MINISTRY OF PUBLIC WORKS

1. Last day for purchase of tender sets is postponed to 14 Feb. 1987 instead of 16 Jan. 1987. 2. Tenders shall be deposited at the Govt. Tenders Directorate 12 noon on Sat. 21 Feb. 1987 instead of

Sat. 31st Jan, 1987.

**Chairman Central Tenders Committee Director, Govt. Tenders Directorate** 

Tel: 675573

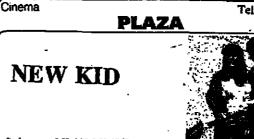
Cinema CONCORD TO LIVE AND DIE IN

Cinema **RAINBOW** NO SMALL

AFFAIR



**OPERA RUTHLESS** PEOPLE es 3:30, 6:15, 8:30, 10<u>:30</u>



RAGHADAN POLICE STORY formanco 12:15, 3:00, 5-00, 9 at

Tel: 622198

Performances, 3: (5, 6:30, 8:30, 10:3/)

Tel: 625155

**Tenders Directorate** 

Cinema

**Engineer Salim Quda** 

### Dollar nosedives to lowest value since 1980 FRANKFURT (R) - The dollar was a reasonable chance of and from rising demands for opened lower Wednesday as

took anothe.

European foreign exchanges
Wednesday to its lowest value in
six-and-a-half years trading below
1.77 West German marks.
intensified in the

markets that finance ministers of the Group of Five (G-5) major industrial nations, led by the United States, must meet soon on the evident strains in the global

At midday in Europe the dollar dipped as low as 1.7670 marks, down from 1.8160 when Frankfurt closed Tuesday night. It was worth around 150.30 Japanese yen, from 153 at the start of the week. Gold prices rose as the dollar fell to a as the dollar fell to a London fix at \$416.50 an ounce, up from \$416.50 an ounce, u \$411.75 Tuesday night.

The dollar fetched 2.02 marks back in mid-December, before markets grew convinced that the United States wants it to fall to make its exports more competitive and help narrow its huge trade deficit.

The appreciation of the mark and yen is now pinching the export-driven economies of West Germany and Japan, and in Tokyo Wednesday Bank of Japan Governor Satoshi Sumita said the G-5 nations may meet soon on the currency turmoil.

Markets have speculated on a G-5 finance ministers' meeting being held in Paris on Feb. 7. The United States, Japan, West Germany, France and Britain form the G-5.

French Finance Minister Educard Balladur said he

European bankers acknowledge that a G-5 agreement on what to do might prove elusive, but they also say there may be factors that would impel the United States to try to reach one.

While Washington wants a weaker dollar, too great a fall in the U.S. currency would carry risks of a rise in domestic inflation. Japanese and other foreign investors might also shun U.S. government bonds, making it hard to finance the budget deficit which the United States is also running

In return for helping to brake the dollar's slide, the United States could be expected to want the trading surplus nations, Japan and West Germany, to act to stimulate their domestic economies even at the risk of

Bankers say the only certainty seems to be that the United States cannot go on getting into debt at the rate of half a billion dollars a day. The trade deficit is likely to be about \$170 billions for 1986 when all the figures are in, and has cost millions of American jobs and

President Reagan's state of the union speech Tuesday night asked Congress for wide measures to make the United States more competitive. But President

### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the dollar at midday on the London foreign exchange and bullion markets Wednesday.

One sterling One U.S. dollar

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1.5450/50 1.3385/90 1.7755/70 2.0030/40 1,4885/95 36.78/83 5.9350/9400 1266/1267 150.55/65

6.4050/4100 6.9100/50

Belgian francs French francs

One ounce of gold 416.00/416.50

U.S. dollars Canadian dollars West German marks Dutch guilders Swiss francs

Italian lire Japanese ven Swedish crowns Norwegian crowns Danish crowns

6.7400/50

LONDON STOCK MARKET

LONDON (R) -- Shares closed mixed after a mostly weak session, with the firmer opening on Wall Street and a narrowing in the December U.K. trade gap helping to coax buyers into the market. By 1530 GMT the FTSE 100 index was up 0.7 to 1,815.1 after a record high of 1,815.8, and an earlier low of 1,806,4.

Selling started early Wednesday, despite another sharply higher close on Wall Stret Tuesday, as operators sold internationally traded shares in the face of dollar weakness. But buying at the lower levels and news that the visible U.K. trade deficit in December was £763 million against £1.03 billion

in November helped to steady shares in later trades.

Reports of a programme trade Wednesday morning, leaving a net sell position of around £100 million also weighed on the market in early dealings and contributed to the early selling.

But there was some early bargain hunting which turned into light buying after the Wall Street opening. Leading shares saw ngnt ouying after the Wall Street opening. Leading shares saw ICI up 24p to 1,247 following fresh reports of brokers' profits upgradings. Glaxo was up 4p to 1,238 after a low of 1,225, while Fisons was up 12p to 617 and Jaguar rose 11p to 599.

Racal slipped 7p to 211 as investors reconsidered Tuesday's half-year figures and interim statement. Other electronics were dull with Plessey off 3p to 209.



NG DATE gas 47 Melts twice 49 Novel 50 Rich fabric 54 Ratio pturas 57 integers 59 Stop! 63 So be it

65 Defaces 67 "Bus Stop playwright 58 Patriotic Allen 69 Hersidic to 70 Gr. leiters

unless it hiked interest rates.

If they could absorb more U.S. and other foreign goods, that, too, might help correct the trade

thousands of factory closures.

Educard Balladur said he Reagan remains under pressure favoured a G-5 meeting if there from the Democrat-led Congress

of Representatives.

the 21st century."

work, and put America's economic engine at full throttle." President Reagan said.

together under the board tapestry of "competitiveness," were variations of earlier Reagan proposals — including an easing of anti-trust laws that hamper business ventures, fully funding a foreign trade subsidies and establishment of a free-trade pact

1988 budget, such as the administration's proposed \$1 billion Labour Department

protectionist trade measures to investors sold German shares and defend U.S. jobs, farms and businesses.

The dollar's fall failed this week to end the boom on several stock markets. Indeed, it probably helped fire it up.

The Tokyo market average climbed 103.10 points Wednesday to its fifth consecutive closing high at 19,789,93. It was underpinned by the surge on Wall Street — where the Dow Jones industrial average Tuesday night closed up 43 at 2150 - and prospects that Japan would lower interest rates to try to arrest the appreciation of the yen. Mr. Sumita hinted at a cut

possibly as early as Saturday. Lower interest rates would increase business activity and consumer buying.

Wall Street investors meanwhile think the weak dollar will make U.S. exporting companies more competitive, and it is also making U.S. stocks attractive to foreigners.

however, bucked the trend and crisis.

headed for Wall Street. The weak dollar caused concern about German exports.

The West German central bank, the Bundesbank, bought dollars Tuesday to try to reverse the slide of the U.S. currency.

Dealers said that in selling dollars Wednesday some operators were testing the Bundesbank's resolve to see if it would act again. Others doubted whether it would after Tuesday's failure and dealers said it did not intervene when the dollar was fixed at midday in Frankfurt at 1.7754 marks.

"Its action yesterday had little effect, and only braked the dollar," said Commerzbank

figures is expected, it could be down at 1.75 marks, he said.

mark was 1.7062 in January 1980 in the depths of the Carter The Frankfurt Bourse, administration's Iran hostages

## Reagan outlines measures to invigorate economy

WASHINGTON (AP) -President Ronald Reagan is offering a wide array of proposals to "put America's economic engine at full throttle," ranging from stronger enforcement of trade laws to assuring that U.S. students can read, write and use a

But Democratic leaders, while commending the president for emphasising trade and competitiveness in his state of the union address, are making it clear they will go ahead with legislation of their own to ease this nation's \$170 billion trade deficit.

(on a trade bill). And we will act," said Mr. Jim Wright, the Democratic speaker of the House

President Reagan, in his state of the union address Tuesday night, outlined a series of steps he said competitive pre-eminence into

"Let's roll up our sleeves, go to Many of the proposals, stitched

with Canada. Others represented initiatives that had already been unveiled by President Reagan in his fiscal programme to retrain workers laid

teach our children to read, write and compute in the early grades," declared a backup "fact sheet" the

A.G.'s Bob Bauer. By Friday, when another disappointing set of U.S. trade

The all-time low against the

# White House distributed with

texts of Reagan's address. President Reagan's competitiveness package also included a proposal to establish "science and technology centres" at selected universities.

Otherwise, the package continued to stress steps — some to be accomplished by legislation, others by executive action designed to carry out the administration's basic theme of opening more overseas markets to U.S. goods rather than restricting imports.

Other key elements of President Reagan's "This year large majorities in President Reagan's both Houses are determined to act. competitiveness package included:

-A promise that the Pentagon and other government agencies would share more technology with private industry.

- A proposal to tighten trade outlined a series of steps he said sanctions against foreign would assure American companies that infringe on U.S. patents and other "intellectual property.

- Amendments to the freedom of information act that would allow the government to withhold information "if disclosure would be harmful to agency programme or commercial interests. Proposed changes in product

liability laws to limit damages that a jury could award, with an aim toward making product liability insurance less costly to U.S. A cabinet review to recommend lifting existing bans

on sales to Eastern Bloc nations of products and technologies that offer no serious threat to U.S. security."

- New authority to participate in trade liberalisation talks expected to get under way soon in

Geneva under the auspices of the

administration package dealt with beefing up the nation's educational system. "We must teach our children to a same of the standards of the law that prohibits paying bribes to gain form." to specify "what types of payments should be exempt from

### Jordanian construction activities rise

AMMAN (J.T.) — Construction activities in Jordan increased during November 1986 as 515 permits were issued nationwide to construct residences, commercial buildings and other facilities - all covering a total area of 188,300 square metres.

According to the Central Bank of Jordan's (CBJ's) Monthly Statistical Bulletin, the number of permits during October 1986 totalled 635, but it only covered 179,300 smare metres in area. The 1986 figures compare with

475 permits issued during November 1985 for a total area of 127,600 square metres. The construction activities arged last year during the month

of July when 864 permits were issued but in terms of area, September was the peak month, with 287,400 square metres.

January 1986 recorded the weakest demand as only 336

permits were issued nationwide. covering 105,800 square metres in Nearly 50 per cent of the con-

struction took place in the Am-

### man region. Jordan exports total JD 131m during 1986

AMMAN (Petra) — Jordanian exports amounted to JD 131 million during 1986, according to a statistical bulletin released

Tuesday. Iraq, purchasing JD 44.5 mil-lion worth of goods, topped the list of countries which bought Jordanian products. Saudi Arabia ranked record as it imported goods worth JD 21.5 million. Syria came in third place with

JD 6 million, followed by Kuwait with purchases for JD 1.5 million. Other Arab countries purchased a total of JD 9.6 million worth of goods and non-Arab countries paid JD 40.2 million for their imports from Jordan.

By sector, agricultural products headed the list with a total of JD 51.2 million.

Chemical products earned Jordan JD 21.6 million, pharmaceuticals (JD 16.3 million), construction material (JD 11.7 million, food supplies (JD 6.7 million), engineering products (JD 6.4 million), furniture and wooden doors (JD 4 million), paper and stationary (JD 2.4 million), plastics (JD 0.9 million) and leather products (JD 0.7 mil-

### Cyprus attracts million tourists

NICOSIA (AP) — Cyprus attracted a record number of tourists last year despite fears of guerrilla attacks in the Middle East region, tourism official said Wednesday. They said prelimin-ary estimates showed 984,057 tourists, who spent some \$520 million, visited the Mediterranean island, compared with 921,575 in 1985. Britons comprised some 32 per cent of the total, a 21 per cent increase from the previous year.

# Islamic Development Bal plans new funding schem

KUWAIT (R) — The Jeddah-based Islamic Development Bank (IDB) plans to launch a new funding scheme soon to stimulate trade among Muslim states, IDB President Ahmad Mohammad Ali said Wednesday.

bank had approved 5.55 billion Islamic dinars (\$6.21 billion) in aid to Muslim states and communities since it was launched in

The bank, set up by the 46member Organisation of Islamic Conference (OIC), extends mainly "soft" development funding, project and foreign rade financ-

ing, and technical assistance. Under Islamic Sharia law, it does not charge interest but management fees of up to 2.5 per cent of the value of a loan are levied. Mr. Ali said this might decrease in the future.

He said the recently-approved new financing scheme for trade and exports would start soon.

He told a news conference the rently was arranged only for six to 18 months, the new scheme would extend to five years.

It will focus on boosting exports of "non-traditional" commodities, or those accounting for less than 20 per cent of a country's export earnings, to encourage diversification.

Mr. Ali said 14 OIC countries so far had pledged 110 million Islamic dinars (\$125 million) in capital for the new scheme, while the bank itself would put up 150 million (\$170 million).

It would turn to the private sector for additional support. We expect the scheme will be able to mobilise resources from the market," he said.

IDB foreign trade financing cur- target was to raise 150 million report said.

dinars (\$170 million) from ber states and double th from the open market.

Turkey, Saudi Arabia, l tan and Egypt were the 1 contributors so far, IDB soun

A review of operations said th world economy had been les than favourable for Islamic countries, some of them among the world's least developed. Prospects for the foreseeable future are not very bright," it added.

The bank, with paid-up capital of 1.58 billion dinars (\$1.78 billion) has drawn members from 44 OIC states in Africa, Asia and the Middle East.

In addition to its usual aid, the bank set up a \$50 million emergency fund in 1984 to help nine drought-hit African Sahel states.

But the end of the last Islamic year in September, 82 per cent of \$20 million allocated in grants Delegates said apart from the and 19 per cent of the \$30 million bank's contribution, the original loan portion were disbursed, the

# Abu Dhabi denies exceeding oil quota but accuses Dubai

Mana Said Al Óteiba Tuesday accepted the new fixed prices. denied that Abu Dhabi was exceeding its production quota but outside official prices regardless now we have to contend with accused Dubai of over produc-

line with its quota," Dr. Otciba, who is from Abu Dhabi, said in an interview with Reuters. "We

have nothing to hide."
The UAE quota is 902,000 barrels per day (b/d) under an Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) pact agreed last month in Geneva to cut production and return to fixed prices with an average price of \$18 a barrel.

Dr. Oteiba, in London on a private visit, was commenting on industry reports that Abu Dhabi was exceeding its quota. Dr. Oteiba said Abu Dhabi

was honouring its 682,000 b/d share of the UAE's quota, of which 561,000 b/d was being sold abroad with the remainder processed at local refineries. He said Dubai was producing slightly above 300,000 b/d against its share of the UAE's OPEC

was trying to convince Dubai to cut its output. "We are talking with Dubai to get them in line with the OPEC decision," he said. "The first reaction we had from Dubai authorities was favourable. It will be resolved soon.'

quota of 220,000, but Abu Dhabi

Dr. Oteiba ruled out the possibility of Abu Dhabi cutting output to compensate for overproduction by Dubai. "Abu Dhabi will not accept being the swing producer for either OPEC or another emirate," he said.

He said Abu Dhabi would not

sell crude outside the OPEC fixed price system which becomes fully effective Feb. 1, adding that so

LONDON (R) — United Arab far all Abu Dhabi's customers a 12-cent drop on Monday. Emirates (UAE) Oil Minister and equity producers had "Last week the exuberance the cold weather in Europe held "No single barrel will be sold the market up but that's over and

"Abu Dhabi is producing in Dubai also involved convincing that emirate to honour its fixed prices under the OPEC accord. He denied recent industry re-

> for the first half of 1987. barrel for various grades. He said

cents a barrel in the past week

and may slide even further under

the weight of more than ample million b/d, are sharply above its

tures in Europe. Oversupply has been moderated until now by seasonal oil

Foreign crude oil prices, in-Geneva agreement could face cluding the North Sea's interna-substantial threats. tional benchmark brent, dropped between 10 and 20 cents a barrel

Tuesday.
The U.S. benchmark crude,

cash market to \$18.50, following tomers.

"Last week the exuberance of

Traders in the U.S. oil futures

tors, which tell traders to buy or

seil futures contracts based on

complex patterns of price move-

ment, are signalling many traders

brought," one trader said.

"Technically we're way over-

Futures in heating oil, one of

the major components of refined

crude oil, have slumped more

than 1.50 cents a gallon in the

past two days and could fall

another 0.50 to 0.80 cents a gal-

lon before buyers reenter the

Oil industry sources say their

estimates of OPEC production,

at between 16.2 million and 16.8

mandated quota of 15.8 million

b/d and have also added addition-

The OPEC accord last month,

coupled with increased demand

market, traders said.

of any circumstances," he said. large supplies of crude oil and Dr. Oteiba said the talks with products which are weighing on the market," one international oil broker said. market also say technical indica-

ports that OPEC was producingsome 16.2 million b/d instead of the 15.8 million b/d ceiling it set Dr. Oteiba said he was pleased OPEC had achieved its goal of boosting prices to around \$18 a

if, as some industry analysts pre-

dicted, demand weakens with the

northern spring, he would sup-

port further output cuts to keep prices in an \$18 to \$20 range. "We in OPEC will not allow prices to go below that," he said. Oil analysts in New York said that U.S. oil prices have fallen 50

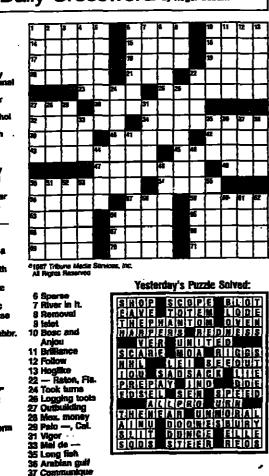
They told Reuters prices could drop another 50 cents to around al supplies to the market. \$18 a barrel, pressured by an excess of oil from OPEC overproduction and the easing of last at the onset of winter, boosted week's extremely cold tempera-

demand, which peaks in the winter, and by intensification of the those levels, the highest since February 1986, traders say the

cent to as high as \$19 a barrel earlier this month in the United States.

Many oil traders believe prices could fall sharply in the spring, when lower demand could tempt OPEC members to abandon their West Texas Intermediate, slipped accord and sell oil at a discount to a further 14 cents a barrel on the multinational oil company cus-

# Horoscope not received



# **Peanuts**











### Mutt 'n' Jeff JEFF CAN YOU TRY IT! WALK ON IT'S GREAT

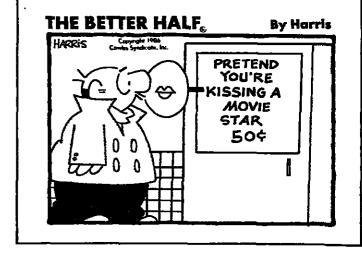


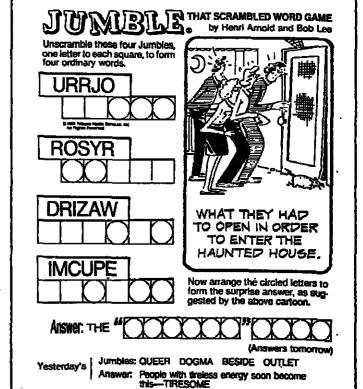
## **Andy Capp**











# Reagan admits mistakes but defends Iran arms deal

WASHINGTON (R) - President Reagan has told Congress that serious mistakes were made in carrying out his Iran arms policy but he defended the secret deals that plunged the White House into the worst crisis of his administration.

In what was regarded by many despite the operation on Jan. 4. as his most important State of the Union Address, Mr. Reagan said he regretted the arms plan did not work but he defended his attempts to reestablish contacts with Iran and free American hostages held in Lebanon by pro-Iranian factions.

He mentioned the Iran affair briefly Tuesday night and sketched only several new domestic legislative priorities - such as trade, welfare and health insurance — that he will propose over the next few weeks.

It was a typical upbeat Reagan address that focused on the future when many members of Congress wanted to hear how the president became involved in the biggest public crisis of the recent

Mr. Reagan, making his first public appearance since prostate surgery, was warmly applauded as he repeated old themes about balancing the budget despite his own record of doubling the national debt.

Congressmen said Mr. Reagan, who turns 76 next week, appeared vigorous and in charge Mr. Reagan pressed for his controversial "Star Wars" space defence initiative and defended U.S. support for rebels in Nicaragua and Afghanistan, but law-

dominated their attention. Some key members of Congress said Mr. Reagan's acknowledgement of full responsibility for the Iran affair and his statement that serious mistakes were made fell far short of what they

makers said it was Iran that

Congressmen investigating the scandal have charged that the administration should never have entered into any arms deals with Iran, listed by Washington as a terrorist state since it seized the U.S. embassy in Tehran in 1979 and held 52 Americans hostage for 444 days.

Mr. Reagan pointed to what he said were achievements of his administration in keeping peace in the world and building up

defences in six years. "But though we have made much progress, I have one major regret," he said. "I took a risk with regard to our action in Iran.

It did not work, and for that I assume full responsibility.

He continued; "The goals were worthy. I do not believe it was wrong to try to establish contacts with a country of strategic importance or to try to save lives. And certainly it was not wrong to try to secure freedom for our citizens held in barbaric captivity. But we did not achieve what we wished, and serious mistakes were made in trying to do so."

His statement of "serious mistakes" was a change from only three months ago after the scandal broke over the Iranian arms deal and alleged diversion of profits to Nicaragnan rebels.

At a news conference on Nov. 19, Mr. Reagan said that "I don't think a mistake was made... It was a high risk gamble and it was a gamble that... I believe the circumstances warranted, and I don't see that it has been a fiasco or a great failure of any kind." After the speech, some members of Congress said they were left dissatisfied.

"It was ridiculous," said the former chairman of the Senate Intelligence Committee, Democrat Patrick Leahy.

"We are had our worst foreign policy disaster in decades and bey're treating it as one-liner," he said. "They can't seem to understand it is not a public policy problem but a foreign poli-

Even Mr. Reagan's staunchest supporters wanted to hear more about the foreign policy problem. "We would have liked to have more said about it," said House Republican leader Bob Michel.

Republican, congresswoman Olympia Snow of Maine told reporters: "I was pleased he acknowledged responsibility. It was an important statement. I would have preferred that he would

In an official Democratic response, House Speaker Jim Wright and Senate Democratic leader Robert Byrd pledged cooperation with Mr. Reagan but urged him to sit down with the Democrats who control both houses of Congress now for the first time since Mr. Reagan entered office in 1981.

Republican Senator Gordon Humphrey said: "I hope his mea culpa with regard to the Iran mess will put that behind him." Few believe it will, however.

since both the Senate and House have set up special investigating committees that will hold public hearings in March.

Mr. Reagan was interviewed on Monday by a three-man committee he had appointed to investigate the National Security Council, which carried out the arms policy apparently over the objections of Secretary of State George Shultz and Defence Secretary Caspar Weinberger.

# Fewer ships, aircraft lost in 1986—insurers

crashes were reported and fewer Gulf last year as a result of the ships sank around the world last Iran-Iraq war was estimated by year, although twice as many the ILU at 98. Lloyd's Shipping merchant vessels were attacked in Intelligence has said 47 ships of the Gulf, the association group- all sizes were attacked in the Gulf ing London's insurance com- in 1985.

nies has said. But a fire last August on a Dutch submarine, the Walrus, may lead to the biggest marine insurance claim ever, with damage estimated at £85 million (\$130 million), the Institute of London Underwriters' (ILU) annual report said.

The fire occurred as the vessel neared completion. It is normal practice for navies to insure

warships during building.
A total of 15 Western-built jet airliners, worth \$119 million in all, were total losses last year compared with 18 worth \$400 million in 1985, which was the worst year in aviation history for insurers, the report said.

Comparing incidents in which people were killed, the institute recorded 392 deaths in eight air disasters last year, compared with 1,534 deaths in 11 incidents in

The report said 156 ships were reported lost last year, against 189 in 1985, but the tonnage involved was only slightly lower at 1.2 million gross registered tonnes against 1.3 million.

The ILU figures are virtually all-inclusive on shipping accidents, but reliable information on air disasters in the Communist World is not always available, ILU officials said.

The number of ships of 500

LONDON (R) - Fewer air tonnes or more attacked in the

The insurance market of London, traditionally the world's centre for marine and aviation coverage, is divided between insurance firms, mostly grouped in the ILU, and Lloyd's, a 300-year-old body in which rich individuals back

Reviewing last year, ILU Chairman David Lowen said the Chemobyl nuclear accident in the Soviet Union would have had far more serious consequences for marine insurers, in destroying food cargoes, but for weather that scattered the radiation.

ILU officials said Chernobyl had prompted insurers, who already routinely exclude the effects of nuclear bombs from their policies, to consider excluding nuclear accidents as well.

Commenting on the Gulf casualties, ILU official Tony Nunn said many of the tankers which wee attacked while shuttling franian oil through the northern Gulf had been of low value and in some cases they were not covered by insurance in London.

Lowen said he could not support the idea of navies from outside the region offering protection to merchant ships in the-Gulf, since this could lead to an escalation of the war.

## U.K. to assess risk from killer radioactive gas

LONDON (R) - Britain has said it would mount a major survey to assess the threat from radon - a colouriess and odouriess radioactive gas reported to be killing up to 900 people a year in this

**Environment Minister William** Valdegrave told parliament that the National Radiological Protection Board (NRPB) would examine houses in areas thought to be affected by radon seeping through their foundations.

Radon, caused by the natural decay of uranium, is mostly found in granite areas. It decays into minute solid particles which, if inhaled, get into the lungs and

LITERALLY SPEAKING

By Olive Dunn

5 Farm machine 6 Cheers 7 One who trace

ACROSS

can cause health problems over long periods of exposure.

Around 20,000 properties most in the south west counties of Devon and Cornwall — are estimated to have above average concentrations of the gas.

An NRPB spokesman said that radon could be responsible for between 800 and 900 deaths each year in Britain. The survey would take two years to complete.

Mr. Waldegrave said the goverment would give money to householders who need to seal off their homes against the gas and introduce regulations to stop the problem recurring in new

# COLUMNS 768

### Rad weather delays weather report

WASHINGTON (R) — Heavy snowfalls have thrown the U.S. government behind schedule — including its official world weather forecasts. A weekly report on global weather, released jointly by the Agriculture Department and the National Weather Service, has been held up for a day because government workers involved in the project were stack at home. officials said. Storms last Thursday and Sunday damped over 18 inches of snow at Washington's National airport and more at other area locales, according to official measurement government sent its workers home early on Thursday and have granted most personnel permission to stay home since then in an effort to ease the strain on Washington's snow-snarled streets and transport systems.

### Soviets to screen America miniseries

VIENNA, Austria (AP) — The Soviet Union said Tuesday it will show "America" on state television. It said viewers may react with "wrath and indignation" to the U.S. miniseries about a fictional Soviet takeover of the United States. Yuri B. Kashlev announced plans to air the programme at the Helsinki follow-up conference on human rights. East-West relations and cultural and economic cooperation. He is head of the Soviet delegation. "In Moscow, we have decided to buy this outrageous TV series and show it to our TV viewers," Kashlev told conference delegates. "We are not afraid of American falsifications. We are only afraid that such a film will give rise to wrath and

### Portugal, Spain to fight drugs

LISBON (R) - Portugal and Spain have agreed to step up cooperation against drug trafficking and to study joint programmes for the rehabilitation of drug users, officials said. The agreement provides for tighter controls at airports, ports and frontiers, and more collaboration between police forces fighting trafficking in drugs such as hashish, heroin and cocaine in both Iberian countries. The renewable, five-year accord was signed in Lisbon by Portuguese Foreign Minister Pedro Pires de Miranda and Spanish Health Minister Julian Garcia Vargas.

### Cure found for jellyfish sting

SYDNEY (R) — An Australian research company today amounced a breakthrough in the prevention and treatment of the lethal box jellyfish sting. Monoclonal Australia said it had used antibodies to make an antidote which had proved effective in laboratory tests and when injected into animals. "The other important aspect of our breakthrough is that the same antibodies may be used for diagnosis and treatment," said managing director Alessandra Pucci. The company is now working to find a way to inject antibodies into the human body quickly and without pain, she added.

### 30 killed by illegal liquor in India

MADRAS, India (R) — At least 30 people were killed and 40 blinded because of drinking illegally distilled liquor in this south Indian port, police said on Wednesday. It was the first case of liquor poisoning since January 1 when the Tamil Nadu state government closed down 16,000 shops selling arrack and toddy, cheap drinks brewed from the coco-paim. Other forms of dearer liquor are still on sale. Police said more than 200 people drunk the home-made liquor last Saturday and they expected more

# **Baker reportedly turned** down offer to replace Casey

KNOXVILLE, Tennessee (AP) — A newspaper reported Tues-day that former Sen. Howard Baker Jr. turned down President Ronald Reagan's offer to become director of the CIA, saying he wasn't really interested in the

Baker said in an interview with the Knoxville News-Sentinel that he turned down the president after Mr. Reagan's chief of staff, Donald Regan, asked him to succeed CIA Director William Casey, who is recuperating from brain surgery.

"I just don't want to do that. I've got other things I can do with my life, and I'm not sure how good I would be" as head of the

PEKING (R) — China refused

Wednesday to review an order

that journalist Lawrence MacDo-

nald, an American, quit the

country on spying charges and

gave him several days to get out, his news agency employers

AFP's Peking office said in a

AFP's regional director for

Asia and the Pacific, Georges

Biannic, earlier appealed unsuc-

cessfuly for a reversal of the order

at a meeting with Foreign Minis-

MacDonald, who was not

allowed to be present at the

meeting, again declared his inno-

cence of the spying charges,

statement that it considered the move against MacDonald as a

Agence France-Presse said.

"virtual expulsion order."

try officials.

AFP reporter given

several days to quit China

Central Intelligence Agency (CIA), Mr. Baker told the News-Sentinel from his Washington law

Mr. Baker said Mr. Reagan was disappointed but understood the decision. White House Spokesman Larry Speakes has said previously that Mr. Reagan discussed the CIA post with Mr.

Mr. Baker, a three-term Republican senator from Tennessee, returned to private law practice after serving five years as senate majority leader. He was an unsuccessful candidate for the Republican nomination for president in 1980 and is considering

tum 'seek truth from facts'," Mr.

MacDonald said in the AFP

to elaborate on the "incontestable

evidence" that the government

had said was in the State Security

Ministry's hands, allegedly proving that MacDonald had done

AFP said the officials refused

another run in 1988.

statement.

## More than 15 killed in fresh Sri Lankan fighting

people were killed during fresh fighting between police commandos and Tamil separatists Wednesday in Sri Lanka's eastern district of Batticaloa, officials and

residents said.

A government statement said eight rebels who fired at a security convoy were shot dead but some commandos were also killed in the fighting at Kokkadicho-lai, about 10 kilometres southwest of Batticaloa.

It said some civilians were also

killed in crossfire. No details of

casualties among the commandos. were given. Batticaloa residents told Reuters by telephone that at least seven commandos were killed in

the incident when their armoured

COLOMBO (R) - More than 15 blasted by a powerful rebel landmine. The vehicle was wrecked in the blast.

Residents said the fighting occurred at dawn with about 100 troops involved in a combing operation in the area supported by military vehicles and helicoptor support.

This is the latest battle in a four-year bid by Tamil separatists to carve out a separate state in the north and east of Sri Lanka for the island's 2.5 million minority Tamils. Police arrested three men

Tuesday in connection with the discovery of explosive devices found in Colombo on Sunday. Investigators said theymen, belonging to Eelam Revolutionary Organisation of students rebel group, had planned to bomb va-

# Soviets name cosmonauts for next mission to Mir

personnel carrier (APC) was rious parts of the city.

veteran making his first space trip in more than nine years, are in final preparations for a flight to the Mir space laboratory, TASS reported Wednesday.

things "incompatible with his sta-tus as a journalist." MacDonald returned Tuesday not say when Cosmonants Yuri Romanenko and Alexander Laveikin would blast off, but said from holiday in Hong Kong, accompanied by Biannic, after the ministry on Monday said he must they were undergoing "final training and medical checkups" be transferred from China. AFP's head office in Paris imat the Baikonur Cosmodrome in Central Asia.

mediately contested the charges against MacDonald, describing the Chinese action against him as a "flagrant violation of the most elementary rules of the right to information.' "If AFP continues to refuse

saying that in two years in Peking he had only sought or received information directly related to his our request of Jan. 26, AFP and Mr. MacDonald must accept the work as an AFP correspondent. "My activities have at all times consequences that will follow been in accordance with the inter- from the refusal," Wednesday's nationally accepted practices of statement quoted an official as journalism and the Chinese dicMOSCOW (AP) — Two cosmonauts, a rookie (novice) and a 26 spacecraft in 1977 and trained

The Soviet News Agency did

Earlier press reports said the Mir station, which has been unmanned since Leonid Kizim and Vladimir Solovev returned on July 16, was resupplied this month by an unmanned Progress

cargo vessel. The 42-year-old Romanenko, who was commander of one of Apollo-Soyuz mission, was com- station.

for work on the precursors of the Mir station, the Salyut-6 and

who will be making his first trip into orbit, are to fly to the Mir station aboard a new-generation The first model of the Soyuz

TM series, which replaces the old Soyuz T, was tested in May 1986 with an unmanned flight and the backup crews for the 1975 automatic docking with the Mir

Salyut-7. TASS did not say how long the

two cosmonauts would stay aboard, but previous press re-ports have said they will be joined for a few days by a Soviet-Syrian crew. Although the Soviets say they are no longer seeking to establish new endurance records in space, their missions normally last several months. Romanenko and Laveikin,

capsule, the Soyuz TM-2.

## French Communist Party hit by veterans' resignations

reformers in France's Communist Party has erupted into a crisis with the resignation of two in-

The deepening split in the par-ty, which has been weakened by steady electoral decline over past years, overshadowed the two-day central committee meeting which

more open discussion and an end to its unshakeable loyalty to Mosof votes.

Wart-time resistance hero Marcel Rigout, one of four Communists to serve as ministers in the quit his position on the central

one of only 35 Communist deputies elected to France's 577-March.

a day after veteran activist sent.

buro position-Under Mr. Marchais 17-year

leadership, the Communists' share of the national vote has plummeted from around 25 per cent to under 10 per cent in parliamentary elections last March.

party with Marchais' rule, particularly his pro-Soviet stance, has been matched by growing grassroots dissent.

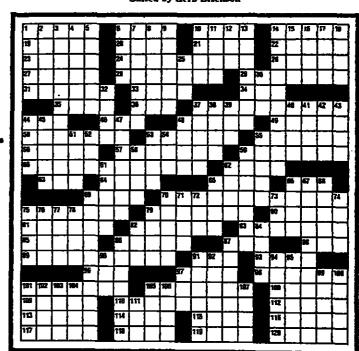
quin said on French television on Tuesday: "I think that the current Communist leadership is not only cut off from society but part of it is also cut off from its own party. At cow in an effort to stem the loss the base there are thousands of people who will not stand for these insults and these exclu-

Mr. Rigout and Mr. Poperen previous left-wing government, resigned after the central committee rejected complaints against committee Tuesday in protest Mr. Marchais' description of reagainst the hard-line leadership. form-minded dissidents as "liform-minded dissidents as "liquidators."

In a letter read to some 140 committee members on Monday, member national assembly last Mr. Rigout criticised Mr. Marchais' attacks on the reformists Rigout's resignation came only and accused party of stifling dis-

# WEEKEND CROSSWORD

Edited by Herb Ettenson



Last Week's Cryptograms

1. Will our "wreckless" drivers ever receive the kind of insurance rates

their fine recurse cash.

Bare coin collections brought in highest bidders at big auction.

Sleepy mandrill eyes mandolin player singing pop songs.

Those incipient buds on our bare privet hedges afford advanced sign

CRYPTOGRAMS

1. IOALECAO FE IOVOCF LELMEDI AMIGOS CDUOK "TIBOCKA DCK YDUBES" PNO URAF VNOIBANOK GDHMO.

2. "STIRLUPKTAK LUN TOPTAK," MAD BENC PD STINK DT SENNKN KLIRYNK, DENG SLC MN RUNDDG TOTUTAK LK BNTY.

2 ZWOTFLPPGHOP GWWB EHP PRBL HCILF JL. HIL ZPRBL CWWB IJHI ERP OW TWWB.

—By Alvin B. Lebar 4 WHEN MST, PEST HE L OST, OKYGCKU MN WOSPWN GRU CLASSY ARKLERO.

-By Ed Huddleson





### GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES GOREN AND OMAB SHARIF

Both vulnerable. West deals. NORTH **90754** 10876 **4** 10 2 WEST RAST **♠**A32 ₹109843

#876543 SOUTH ♠KJ 1098 Ů K 4 **AAKQ** The bidding: North East West Dble Page Pass

**♦ AQJ953 ♦ 2** 

Pass 4 🌩 Pass Pass Opening lead: Two of 4

3 0

The auction will often reveal the location of key cards. It's silly to ignore the information you have

been given. South was too strong for any ac-tion other than a double at his first turn. West tried to make life difficult for his opponents with his jump to three diamonds, but South had too much to be shut out. Four

trumps to the queen and a ruffing

value in clubs were ample for a

WHY FINESSE?

raise on this auction—the queen of hearts was there to swav Since he did not want to give declarer help in any suit. West elect-

ed to lead a low trump, won in the

closed hand. A trump was continued. West won the ace and exited with his remaining trump, taken by the queen. Obviously, the bidding marked West for both the ace of diamonds and king of hearts. Therefore, it would have been futile for declarer

monds or take a heart finesse. The way to make his contract was via an end play. Declarer cleared the clubs, then cashed the ace of hearts in case West had started with a singleton king. He was not particularly upset when it did not fall, for the opening bidder was surely marked with six

diamonds and he had already

shown up with three spades and

to either lead to the king of dia-

two clubs. His only unknown card had to be the king of hearts. Suiting his count to the situaiton, declarer exited with a heart. West was in with the king and had no way out. His forced diamond return promoted South's king to the fulfilling trick. Declarer was able to hold his losers to one trick in each suit except for clubs. PARIS (R) — A long-simmering claude Poperen quit his polit-dispute between hard-liners and buro positionfluential veterans.

ended Tuesday and was intended to plan strategy for 1988 presidential elections. The two leading members who resigned represented a dissident wing which has called for changes in the party's rigid structure,

He also offered to step down as

Dissatisfaction at the top of the

Leading reformist Pierre Ju-

sions.

51 Wyo. mountain 52 Muse of poetry 63 Peruse again 54 Of an ancient

61 Addicts 62 Menu tare 65 Comical King 65 Angler's lure 67 Inexperienced shopkeeper? 68 Past or preser

67 Hospital members 90 Just fine

90 Just time 92 Call for 94 Head garland 95 — tangere 97 Pembandle 99 Trespass 100 Word of

84 — de France 85 Castle defens 86 Head 87 Maiden name

